PART III GLOSSARY

GLOSSARY

Before using the glossary, it is advisable to consult Ch. 7 in Part I. The glossary is arranged according to the Arabic alphabet.

ibu father $\langle 547 \rangle$; ancestor. *ibu* (with foll. genit.) the one with, the one who has, e.g. *ibu* $\Im ab\bar{a}t$ the one wearing a cloak, *ibu* $\dim \bar{i}jih$ the one with a large head (cf. $r\bar{a}\Im i$ and ahal). ya-hagg $ib\bar{u}y$ w-jiddi see hagg.

In Peninsular dialects, the verb ata "to come" is used only in the imperative, never in the perfect. Occasionally, the imperfect form of the verb is used as an archaism in poetry. For the perfect and imperfect, but never for the imperative, the verb ja is used. tasal is also used for the imperative. The difference between tasal and tasal is that only the latter is used for the descriptive imperative of the narrative style (37,56,101) and the former is used frequently to mean "come here, hither." tayyih coming, arrival (same as tayyih). tayyih t

itar footsteps, footprints, track; trace, remnant; sign. ma? itarhum <264> on their heels. b-itiruh <520> following him, chasing him. tarkid b-itarah <35> to overexert yourself for it (to no avail). ma Sala tirhu aḥad <148> he left no descendants, no offsprings.

aţāri see aţir.

atari see atir.

atir atir <410,535>, atāri <58,128>, tāri <396>, atari <88>, tari <264>. In its various phonetic manifestations which are freely distributed this particle expresses sudden realization, counter expectation, surprise or regret. It either introduces the subject of a sentence <264> or, if not followed by the subject directly, takes a pronominal suffix which agrees with the subject <58,88,128,396,410,535>.

ajal ajal $\langle 352,509 \rangle$, jali $\langle 537 \rangle$ then, in that case $\langle cf. CA i\underline{dan} \rangle$. 2hd ahad one, someone, somebody, anyone, anybody. hadehum $\langle 146 \rangle$ one of them. hada l- $\Omega y\overline{a}l \langle 411 \rangle$ one of the boys. ma

tibas ibin $Gd\bar{u}r$ aḥad <48> no one followed ibin $Gd\bar{u}r$. Salēh aḥad ma Salēh aḥad <126> whether or not anyone was there. ma šāfaw ahad <137> they saw no one.

 $axa\underline{d}$ <42>, $xa\underline{d}a$ <12,65,256,335> to take, seize; to spoil, plunder, loot. $m\bar{a}x\bar{u}\underline{d}ih$ plundered, spoiled; it is usually used as a deprecation meaning useless, worthless, wretched, miserable <233,321,489>. $ix\bar{\iota}\underline{d}$ <336>, $ix\bar{\iota}\underline{d}ih$ <65> spoil, loot, plundered camels; $ix\bar{\iota}\underline{d}ih$ also can be used as a deprecation in the same sense as $m\bar{a}x\bar{u}\underline{d}ih$ e.g. $ix\bar{\iota}\underline{d}t$ alli hu luh is said of someone (or something) to mean that he is inept and worthless.

2xwixu brother, naxa to invoke someone's honor in an appeal assistance <181,237,307,355,356,357,501,504,523>. intaxa to shout his war cry, his honorific title <524> i.e. ana xu Samra. naxāwi sing. nxawih appeal <384>; tribal solidarity, esprit de corps $\langle 534 \rangle$; war cry. $x\bar{a}wih \langle 11,36 \rangle$ a Bedouin institution whereby a weak tribe seeks the protection of a stronger tribe through the payment of a regular tax in the form of camels, sheep, butter, etc., i.e. a weak party buys the brotherly obligation of a stronger benefactor, or the strong may impose hegemony over the weak and extract $x\bar{a}wih$ from him by force. $y\bar{a}xa < 125 > to$ take or impose xāwih. xuwwih brotherhood, fraternity. xuwwitin vibīd al-hadīd wla tibīd <349> an everlasting brotherhood that though iron may decay, it will not, xwaya $\langle 207.297.413 \rangle$ sing, xawiv comrade; road companion, fellow traveller.

addab to restrain, subdue; to ward off, scare away <550>. iddāb subdueing, restraining <628>. istādibat al-gōm <480> the enemy troops held back, lost courage.

idmi f. idmiyyih pl. idāmi gazelle, small whitish gazelle. Sanūd al-idāmi <606> leader of a herd of gazelles, usually the most shapely and most graceful. As the leader she is always on the lookout, her eyes wide open and her neck stretched out, always turning from left to right.

2dy adda to give back, hand over; to return stolen property

<11.15.18.22.44>; to compensate, make restitution. wadiy tax, duty, levy. midda blood payment <344>. When two warring factions want to make peace they calculate the losses incurred on both sides and then make amends adjustments through the payment of restitution for any imbalance of losses on either side. This procedure is called ida or mwāda (vb. tuwādaw). The specified amount of payment for any kind of loss, as well as the rendering of the payment, is called midda. The peaceful option of ida is sometimes resorted to instead of the more "honorable" practice of lex talionis, especially in the case of human loss. Disinclination for this somewhat demeaning procedure is expressed by the saying ida w-gal? mida, which roughly means "getting the affair over with and putting an end to it through payment" (mida distance. gal? uprooting, rooting out; banishing, sending away; getting rid of. gals mida sending far away, getting rid of completely, disposing of gladly).

 arr^1 arr axu Samra $\langle 181 \rangle = ana$ xu Samra. In this form of nxawih it is frequently the case that ana is pronounced arr

arr the sound made by a shepherd to lead his flock. irrāt and myāḥih refer to the sound arr yaḥi used to call or drive sheep. zēnīn al-myāḥih wa-l-irrāt <669> those who are good only in making such sounds, experts only in sheep herding, i.e. not warriors, men of no weight, humble folk.

 $ar\bar{o}m$ $ar\bar{o}m$ <567>, $ay\bar{o}m$ <203,481>, $al\bar{o}m$ so, then, and.

2sm ism name. simiyy namesake <501>. ism (with pron. suf.) anyway, anyhow, in any case <93,94,216,478>.

aġadi aġadi <48,148,202,210,294,583>, ġadi <450,498>, laġadi <450>. This particle expresses hopeful expectation or anticipation. In meaning it approximates such English particles as perhaps, maybe, hopefully, etc. With regard to pronominal suffixes it behaves like the particle aṭir above.

21h allah allah is said to urge someone to make sure to do something or to do it in a certain manner <95>; but when

said in an answer to a question it means yes, certainly. $\bar{\imath}billah$ certainly, surely $\langle 66,329,532,539 \rangle$. lillah never, not at all, not in any case $\langle 4,160,178 \rangle$. $y\bar{a}llah$ (with verb) barely, hardly, scarcely $\langle 201 \rangle$. $y\bar{a}llah$ barely, hardly, scarcely. $y\bar{a}llah$ (said when one is getting up or starting any sort of action) a form of supplication, asking help from God. yallah (addressed to someone) Come on! Let's go! Let's begin! Go! Begin! la wallah emphatic no $\langle 147 \rangle$. la billah (in a declarative sentence) certainly, surely $\langle 328,562 \rangle$; (in answer to a question) absolutely not. $\mathcal{S}al\bar{e}k$ allah $w-im\bar{a}n$ allah $\langle 312,387 \rangle$ I swear to you, I give you my solemn word.

2mm ummitin $q\bar{a}hrih$ <454> overwhelming multitudes (borrowed from CA).

2mt amt extreme limit, the end of one's rope. $w\bar{a}$ slin amtihum <160> they have come to the limit of their endurance.

2mr amir matter, affair <362>. amar allah <248> God ordained. tāmir buh <509> do you wish me, order me (to kill him)?

wiman to feel safe <472,473>. amman to give safety, grant immunity, reassure <414>; to entrust <379>. imānih responsibility, trust <1,379,383>. ya-mānt allah salēć allah <383> an idiomatic expression said by someone to show that his piety and fear of God prompts him to carry out and deliver a trust faithfully. salēk allah w-imān allah see 21h.

amēr amēr and so, then. amēr yōm arzimat <180> and then she groaned.

ahal (with foll. genit.) inhabitants of, people of; possessors of; worthy of, sing. rāsi (q.v.; cf. ibu). hal arbisīn <68> riders of forty camels <also 293>. y-ahl al-bkār al-ḥīl <284> O, riders on barren young camels. yistāhil <112, 154> he is deserving. l-ģillat wālīhin w-ahālīhin see gll.

2wf $\bar{a}fih$ pl. $\bar{a}f\bar{a}t < 38$ bane, ruin, plague; a dreadful person.

2wl awwal first. awwal šayy <329> first of all. Sala awwiluh <38> just beginning, at the start of his career.

2yy $ayy\bar{a}t < 653,654$, ayy whether, which. ayy šayy anything. $ay\bar{o}m$ $ay\bar{o}m$ see $ar\bar{o}m$.

 $b\bar{a}r\bar{u}d$ $b\bar{a}r\bar{u}d$ rifle. $buw\bar{a}r\bar{\iota}d$ rifles; gunmen <245>. $bw\bar{a}rdi$ gunman <82,100,110,174>.

- bhl bihil, ibtahal not to know what to do, run into difficulty, get into a mess; to be over-busy with. ibtahlu b-šānikum <142> manage for yourselves, do as you see fit.
- baxat luck, fortune. akbar w-ana ćibīr al-baxat <132,578> (notice the assonance of akbar and ćibīr) God is great, how lucky I am! (The initial word in this expression is a truncated form of the formula allāhu akbar, cf. ar-rḥamān w-ana xu Nimših, q.v. rhm).
- bxs al-baxas is the tender flesh right next to the animal's hoof. baxas $\langle 410 \rangle$ to prick this tender part with a nail while shoeing a horse.
- bidd bidd a tribal section, a group of people (same as $bid\bar{\iota}dih$). bidd bidd < 356 > one tribal section after another, all the tribal divisions.
- bds bidas to start something new <56>.
- bdy bida to start; inchoative auxiliary <355>.
- brin birin pl. barāin talon, claw. ḥaitāt al-barāin see ḥit.
- brh $bar\bar{a}h$ open space, vast expanse. barwah <126,263> to take out the dirt and clear the water hole in order to reach water.
- brz tibarraz <48> to withdraw to a prominent spot.
- brg abrag <468,481,490> dimin. abēriģ <289,481> pl. birg a hill with variegated colors, an isolated stony ridge with sand at the base.
- brk brikih pl. brikāt blessing. likum sab $\mathfrak S$ al-brikāyh $\langle 34 \rangle$ in this idiomatic expression sab $\mathfrak S$ is merely a formulaic number. In this context the idiom is not used optatively but rather to show Hidlūl's defiant attitude toward ibn Gdūr. bārik allah b-ayyāmik may your days be blessed, same as tāl $\mathfrak S$ umrak, tawwal allah $\mathfrak S$ umrak. All these expressions, though they take various forms, always mean practically the same thing. They are used by a narrator in addressing his audience as a sign of courtesy and decorum and as a means of establishing and maintaining rapport.

brm baram to twist. al-mbarram <123>, al-birīm thin strands of leather twisted around one another to make a cord for a woman to gird around her bare waist.

bšt bišt a cloak <577>.

bšr baššar <166> to bring or announce good news. abaššrak <576> I bring you glad tidings (meant sarcastically in this context). abšir rejoice, be of good cheer <144,166,509, 536>. abšir b-Sumrak <536> rejoice for your life will be saved. tabšir ba-s-saSad <51> I will bring you joy, I will grant your wish, I will help you.

bțn bițin $\langle 261 \rangle$ sing. bțān girth. bațn $\langle 49 \rangle$, bițīn $\langle 234 \rangle$ flat ground, shallow valley, bed of a wadi.

bising d distance. bising dihum wahd sing distance from me.

basad basad also <129,190,372,414>; in that case <128>; still <581> (cf. Johnstone 1967 basad in the index). ya-basadhayy (with velarized b) <523> I ransom you with all my living kin; my dearest (a typical Šammari expression of civility and endearment).

bġy baġa to want, wish for $\langle 132,249 \rangle$. The pharyngeal medial radical occasionally shows up in the imperfect, e.g. $yabġon \langle 72 \rangle$; much more common, however, is the deletion of the medial pharyngeal in the imperfect, e.g. abiy, nabiy, yabiy, tabiy, etc. The future particle is derived from the imperfect $yabiy \langle 2,74,94,133,456 \rangle$. As a modal or auxiliary, the final weak radical of abiy is elided and it attaches itself as a proclitic prefix to the following verb forming with it one single stress unit, e.g. $ab-aġazi \langle 39 \rangle$, $ab-artas \langle 202 \rangle$.

bigar $\langle 79 \rangle$ sing. bigirih $\langle 79,80 \rangle$ cow; wild cow, oryx. bigāyir $\langle 567 \rangle$ sing. bigīrih $\langle 566,567 \rangle$ large container sewn from leather and used for storing dates.

bgy biga to remain. bāģyin remaining <424>.

bil ball to moisten, to wet. ya-ballēto kbūdukum <165> after you moisten your throats, after you slake your thirst.

 $bl\dot{g}$ $al-bil\dot{g}ih$ <124,221> anyway, in short, the point is. $bil\bar{u}\dot{g}$ one

who is prying into or having his nose in someone else's private affairs.

bly bala to pester; to afflict. balāwi sing. balwa evil, tribulation.

bn banāt and bniyy sing. bint daughter, girl. sitr al-bniyy al-sfāfi <232> protector of the honor of chaste maidens. banāt ḥṣān <396> daughters of a thoroughbred stallion; thoroughbreds. ibin samm father's brother's son, cousin; consanguine; a member of one's own tribe <53>. binīxi <445> sing. bnāxi (= ibn axx) <22,128,358,359> relative, kinsman.

bnāxi see bn.

binīxi see bn.

bhm buhum sing. bhām thumb. Sāḍḍin buhmuh <533> biting his thumbs (a sign of surrender).

bwārdi see bārūd.

buwārīd see bārūd.

bwr $b\bar{u}rih$ (perhaps from CA bu2rah) area of concentration such as the hearth where people come together for warmth or the center of the camp where tents are pitched closer together. $b\bar{u}rt$ $ib\bar{a}Sir$ $\langle 252 \rangle$ center of the herd where camels concentrate, not the stray ones at the edges ($ib\bar{a}Sir$ sing. $biS\bar{\iota}r$ generic name for camels with no sex distinction).

bws $abw\bar{a}s < 514$, sing. $b\bar{o}s$ the span of an outstretched arm.

bwg $b\bar{a}g$ to commit treachery <17>. $b\bar{o}g$ treachery <335>.

byd $b\bar{a}d$ to wear off, decay <349>. bayyad to make weary, exhaust <626>. $b\bar{a}yid$ exhausted, worn out <466>. xuwwitin vibīd al-hadīd wla tibīd see 2xw.

when the adjective $al-b\bar{\iota}d$ is used in reference to women it implies both fairness of skin as well as chastity and purity of character <366>. bayyid allah wajhik may God whiten your face, countenance, honor (an honorific expression of gratitude). fayyadt w-bayyadt <384> you have carried out your obligation fully and honorably (fayyadt to fill up to the brim, from $f\bar{a}d$ to overflow). abyadd daff

<96> load camels, riding camels, camels with gray sides (in reference to saddle marks). $b\bar{e}\dot{q}$ eggs. $mib\bar{a}y\bar{\iota}\dot{q}$ birds sitting on their eggs.

byn $b\bar{a}n$ to appear, be visible, plain, evident. bayyin clear, apparent, specific, particular. $ahadin\ bayyin\ <85>$ someone in particular. $al-by\bar{a}nih\ <136,142>$ proof, evidence, indication, sign.

bēn bēn between, amidst. yaḥaḍr aš-šēṭān bēnihum <182> the devil came amidst them (i.e. they fought a pitched battle). ṣāraw bēnah w-bēn halah <97> they came between the camels and their owners (i.e. they drove the camels they took in front of them and turned around to ward off the owners who were pursuing them trying to retrieve their stolen property).

tar see tara

tara, tar, taru a presentative particle used profusely in our tara text. It functions to draw the listener's attention, almost in the same manner as CA inna behold, indeed, truly. Like atir and agadi (qq.v.), tara takes a pronominal suffix but the rule in this case is not as consistent. In many instances it is a matter of choice whether to append the pron. suf. or leave it out. Usually, when tara introduces a sentence which starts with a demonstrative <82,114>, or with a relative pronoun <156,469>, or when the particle is followed directly by the subject <64,82,125,133,280,425> it does not take a pron. suf. But when it is not followed by the subject, it takes a pron. suf. which agrees with the <39.67.265.281.290.359,377,385,402,469,478,539,668>. But, in tarūn ana b-aġazi <39> the particle is inflected even though it is followed directly by the expressed subject. In ana tarūn nādrin Salēh <67> the particle is inflected as expected since the subject comes before, not after the particle but it is not inflected in hinna taru nabi sirbiten <447>. In negative constructions without expressed subject the particle is inflected in one example $\langle 281 \rangle$, while in three others $\langle 125,156,468 \rangle$ it is not. In three examples <77,466,570> the particle is inflected but it

might just as well be not.

taru see tara.

tisib to get tired. tasab tiredness, exhaustion. tisīb tiresome, wearisome, toilsome. tasāba <287> sing. tasbān tired. The rhyming idiom tasab w-ṭagg ćasab expresses hard life and harsh existence, never ending toil, it means roughly "(constant) exhaustion and the anklebone is (always) clicking" (as a result of walking and moving all the time).

tės taėas to get a good grip on; to grab unexpectedly and firmly; to capture by surprise, overpower <138>.

tifag tifag rifles, firearms. $taff\bar{a}g$ pl. $tiff\bar{a}g$ <227>, $tif\bar{a}f\bar{\iota}g$ gunmen.

tls $tl\bar{a}s < 579$ sing. talsih < 71,132,137,169 gulley, torrential stream.

tala to follow. tāli final, last, end. atla the very last <356>. tatlīh ar-rjāl <9> raiders followed him (as their leader). ma yitla ba-l-ḥēl <38> he was not followed by many men, his leadership was not well-established. mas tālīhum <206> behind them, at their rear. ifṭan l-tālīhin <476> guard their rear, cover their retreat. ytimassar tālīhum <515> to attack their rear like a rabid dog (sisir) or a blazing flame (sisīrih). ḥammāy tāli Šammarin ba-d-dibīlih <367> protector of the rear of withdrawing Šammari warriors, he covers their retreat when they are defeated.

 $tn\check{s}$ $tanna\check{s} < 558 > to be curved upward (said of mustachios).$

tny tana to wait; to wait for <159>.

taww adverbial of time. When it introduces a declarative verbal clause <99,395> it refers to the immediate past. In a negative sentence or when a negation is implied <139> it means not yet, still.

 $t\bar{\imath}k$ $t\bar{\imath}k$ <153> big and strong.

tāri see aţir.

t2r see try.

tbr tibar. <178> to bring mishap or ruin upon (someone).

try $t\bar{a}ra$ to threaten revenge $\langle 330 \rangle$; to seek revenge. $tit\bar{a}ra$

<388> to avenge, take revenge. aba t-tuwāriyyāt I seek revenge (shouted by the executor of vengeance, especially when he charges at the culprit on the battlefield; (cf. CA ya-la-tārāti fulān). aba at-tuwāriyyāt aṣ-ṣōt at-tāli <356,513,525> I seek revenge in answer to the last call (shouted by the CAbdi youth who felled CGāb, the slayer of Hidlūl, because the latter, before he was killed, cried out for help, calling the clans of Šammar one after the other to avenge his blood and the last clan he called out for was CAbdih).

tari see atir.

tgl tiģīl heavy, unbearable fi sāsatin sala l-mḥawwil tiģīlih <122> when fright seizes fleeing men no one dares to dismount with his gun and face the pursuing enemy to hold them back from his comrades, dismounting becomes hard to bear, distressful, unbearable.

till $til\bar{t}l < 123 > unplaited hair of a woman.$

tumm tumm a particle of gradation implying succession in occurrence or in rank. In Peninsular dialects, the use of this conjunctive is restricted to a very specialized context which has religious overtones showing that it is borrowed from CA. When the speaker wants to appeal to another person he makes the appeal first to God and then, as next in rank, to the addressed person, e.g. $z\bar{a}bnin\ \Omega ala\ allah\ tumm\ \Omega al\bar{e}k\ \langle 27\rangle$, $midixlah\ \Omega ala\ allah\ tumm\ \Omega al\bar{e}k\ \langle 21\rangle$, $ar-r\bar{a}y\ r\bar{a}y\ allah\ tumm\ r\bar{a}yak\ ya-Hidlal\ \langle 162\rangle$.

tmd $timad <553 > pl. <math>atm\bar{a}d$ shallow water.

tml timal <135> to stay near water. timīlih shallow well in the bed of a dry water course.

tny tana to fold; to double; to bend. timatna to pass through; to traverse. tiniyyih two year old ewe <431>; mountain trail, narrow pass. mitāni oft repeated solemn oaths <341>; folds, layers.

twr to explode <107,191>; to rise, to get up <354>. tawwar to set out on a major raid; to urge to rise; to cause to explode. mtawwarin buh <211> he was shot. lya nawwaxat,

 $ma\ \underline{t}\bar{a}rat$ <269> once fortune kneels down it never rises, once misfortune sets in it is hard to shake it off. $ramyin\ \underline{t}\bar{a}yir\ w$ -Sajjin $\underline{t}\bar{a}yir$ <341> guns were firing and dust was rising, a pitched battle, melee, confusion on the battleground

ja see jy.

jaja $tj\bar{a}ji \ al-x\bar{e}l \ Sanhum < 549,551$ the horses (with their riders) were afraid to come near them.

jāli see ajal.

jbn jibīn forehead, face. $m\bar{u}\underline{d}$ al-jibīn a woman with a luminous forehead, fair skin. \check{sog} $m\bar{u}\underline{d}$ al-jibīna <236> the object of admiration by fair maidens (a poetic epithet applied to a hero meaning that they admire his heroism and valor).

jdb jidb desiccation, drought <246>.

jd Ω jida Ω <100,235,493,501,504,517>, jadda Ω <183> to throw, cast away; to fell, throw down. yjadd Ω an-nd Ω Ω rala <66,279> to proclaim threatening oaths against, to vow repeatedly to kill. jida Ω allah b- Ω Db Ω see yd.

jrr jarr to pull, draw, drag <542>. jarr Sala SGāb ba-l-gdēmi <532> he passed the dagger on CGāb's throat, slit his throat, finished him off. jirrih <557> footsteps, track, trace, trail. jarr aḍ-ḍils <214,233> the foot of the mountain. jirīrih <376> pl. jarāyir <285> guilt, offence, routing by force. yūdis Sala dōd al-msādi jarāyir see wds

jrb Ω jerboa. jarb Ω Ω as-s Ω g <540> the muscle at the back of the shin below the knee.

jrd jarrad to convoke, muster <128,426,447>. jrūd troops, host armies <451,546> (cf. jarād swarms of locust). jirīdih pl. jarāyid palm branch stripped of its leaves. jarāyd īdēh <153> radius and ulna, bones of the forearms.

jrs jaras to swallow. jarsat al-mōt see mwt.

jzr jizar to slaughter. $jiz\bar{u}r$ a fat camel for slaughter <67, 80,328,343>.

jzf jzāfi taking a risk <231>.

jzl $jiz\bar{\imath}lih < 371 > pl. <math>jazl\bar{a}t < 223 > plentiful$, in large measure.

jsr jassar to embolden <417>.

- jšm tijaššam to overrun, run over <198,306>.
- jds injidas to lie down on one's side <529>.
- jgm jagam to swallow a mouthful. jigmih swallow, mouthful <348>. abiy jigmat ha-d-damm see footnote 16 Part II.
- jfl jifal to run in fright. jaffal to frighten, stampede. jafl a terrified herd, stampeding herd. jafl $a \not q dba$ $wa-n-na \hat{sami} \langle 599 \rangle$ a terrified herd of gazelles and ostriches in flight.
- jll jilīlih big <83>.
- jld ajlad to wait, remain quietly <167,387,450>. jalad <462> hard ground.
- jlmd jalmad to cut the legs; to cripple. mjalmid act. part. <104.192>.
- jly ma jala to be of no avail. al- $x\bar{e}l$ raćbat ma jala $f\bar{\iota}ha$ l-idd $\bar{a}b$ <628> the horses rushed (at the enemy) not paying heed to orders of restraint.
- jmm jamm to collect (water in the well) <263> or (saliva in the mouth). jammih water collecting in a pool at the bottom of the well.
- jms jimas to collect, bring together $\langle 599 \rangle$. jims together $\langle 273 \rangle$. jimāsih one's own people $\langle 163,385 \rangle$; a group of people. jmūs sing. jams troops, fighting men on the move $\langle 197,451 \rangle$.
- jml jammal to be seemly; to be fitting; to be up to expectation; to measure up; to be a source of pride. tijammal to do a good deed, render a favor <216,218,219>; to take the credit, have the honor <530>. jimīl and jimālih pl. jimāyil and jimālāt good deed, charity, beneficence. mdawwrīn al-jimālāt those anxious to do good deeds, the beneficent, benevolent, charitable. fuwāt gabl mdawwrīn al-jimālāt <657> too late for the benevolent (to prevent the calamity of killing CGāb). jimīlih a herd of gazelles. firģ al-jimīlih <366> a herd of gazelles. gāydāt al-jimīlih <117> leaders of the gazelle herd.
- jnb janab to go with the camel herds to distant pastures to

guard them. janab < 411 > sing. $jann\bar{a}b < 419 > brave$ and fully armed youth who ride their mares and accompany the camel herds to guard them in distant pastures near enemy territory. jannab to keep away, stay clear < 29,142,224,264 >. $ajn\bar{a}b$ sing. ajnibi foreigner, stranger, enemy. $\dot{g}irr\bar{a}t$ $al-ajn\bar{a}b < 625 > inadvertent$ or oblivious enemy. $dy\bar{a}r$ $al-ajn\bar{a}b < 644 > foreign territories$, enemy land.

jhm jaham to rise early in the morning. juhmuh early dawn, dusk. jahām indistinguishable object, mixed camel herds on the move. $mij\bar{a}h\bar{\iota}m$ herds of black camels. $\check{s}\bar{e}x$ al-jahām <607> paramount chief.

jww jaww pl. jiyyān <68> a low, flat basin or a wide valley where underground water is not too far below the surface. The place where the tribe comes together near the water wells in the summer. ya gaṭṭibat al-Ṣarab Ṣala l-jiyyān see gtb.

jwx $j\bar{o}x$ broadcloth. $j\bar{o}xih$ pl. jwax <630> a fine vest made of embroidered broadcloth.

jwd jawwad to hold tight; to stick to <570>; to do well.

jwz $j\bar{a}z$ 1. to appeal to; to strike one's fancy $\langle 22 \rangle$.

 $j\bar{u}l$ $j\bar{a}l$ to migrate <64>; to circle in flight; to roam, rove, wander about. $j\bar{o}l$ a flock of birds or a herd of gazelles in flight. $j\bar{a}l$ escarpment, slope, cliff, ridge, steep mountain <72.137>; side of a well.

jy ja to come. $j\bar{a}y$ coming <323>; hither <154,310>; this direction, this way <473>. $j\bar{a}b$ to bring <323,325, 326,343,351,539>; to give birth to. $j\bar{a}bitan$ al- Ω iziyyih <534> tribal bond brought me here, I am here answering to the call of my Ω Anazi kinsmen.

 $j\bar{e}b$ the slit opening at the upper front part of a garment extending from just above the navel up to the neck opening. $mitilsin\ yiduh\ mas\ j\bar{e}buh\ see\ yd.$

 $jy\check{s}$ $j\bar{e}\check{s}$ (no sing.) camels used for riding and raiding, mounted camels <306,387>.

hbb ahabbuh he kissed him <24>.

hbr habar to ache <353>; to be weary, fatigued, sore. habāri <655> sing. hbāra lesser bustard.

hbl habal to lie in wait <125>; to ensnare. $hibb\bar{a}lih$ snare, trap, $hb\bar{a}l$ <261> sing. habil rope.

- htt hatt sharp. hattāt al-barātin <235,661> birds with sharp talons, birds of prey. hattāt al-maxālib wa-l-anyāb <642> beasts with sharp claws and teeth.
- hjr hijr al- $S\bar{e}n$ the eye socket <659>.
- hjz hajaz to encircle, surround, close; to isolate, separate <69>.
- hadd to limit, confine <451>; to contain, impede, hinder, curb, check. hadd edge, border; at the edge of, bordering <41,234,629>. lya hadd <123> to, till, until. mhādd neighboring, at the border of <63>. al-jmūs alli ma lah hadd wla radd <451> host armies that can neither be counted nor contained.
- hdr hadar to go down; to travel in a north easterly direction (the topography of the Arabian Peninsula is tilted in that direction). hadrih a caravan travelling in that direction to bring back provisions from the markets of Mesopotamia. haddar one going with the hadrih <333,334>. haddar to let down, lower. inhadar to go down, descend. hadir down, below <72,361>; under, beneath. hadriy at the bottom, at the bottom of, at the foot of <362>.
- hdy hada to urge; to compel; to urge horses or riding camels by singing marching songs called hadāwi (sing. hdāt, verbal noun hda). hadāwi are also victory songs sung by raiders galloping and driving their livestock booty in front of them <165,272>. w-yijūnik yhadōn w-yaģdōn <165> so they came along urging their camels by songs (yhadōn) and driving them (yaģdōn). yāma Sala rikn ar-rikāyib hdīna <226> many a time we were forced to run to seek shelter behind our mounts.
- hdf hadaf to throw, cast, pelt. wu-hu yahadfah $al\bar{e}h$ $al\bar{e}h$
- hdy hada to shoe $\langle 385,410 \rangle$ hdāt shoe; horse shoe $\langle 121 \rangle$.
- hrr hirr free; noble <109,598>; unbiased <1>.
- hrj aḥraj to attain, obtain (barely, with difficulty) <35>. hirij to be unlawful; to perish (animal) i.e. not be slaughtered in

accordance with religious prescription and thus unlawful to eat. harj unlawful, forbidden, in critical position <337>. haraj interdiction, injunction <418>.

hrd hird limping, hobbling. Horses are called hird al-yiden <612> or hird al-yimāni <593,667> (yimīn literally refers to the right hand but usually it simply means hand) because they prance with a seeming tilt to one side as if limping. According to Musil it is preferable that the distance between the foreknees of a horse is broad and spacious (1928b: 372). This gives the horse a somewhat shuffling, seemingly limping gate.

hrf haraf to cause to turn around <300,483,495>. ihtaraf to swing, turn about <189>.

hrm haram to deprive. harram to forbid. istharam to loathe, think unlawful <39>.

taharra to wait for expectedly <134,554>. hirwih, mahāri hrw expected estimate: expectation; time or $b-ha-l-mah\bar{a}ri < 265 > (also b-ha-l-hirwih)$ around this place; around this time; around this figure. mita hirwathum <142> When are they due? When do you expect them? hirwat $a\check{s}$ - $\check{S}ar\bar{a}r\bar{a}t$ <69> near (the territory of) aš-Šarārāt. garribaw hirwat msadāhum <410> they approached the place from where they will launch their attack. yifiddun šanag San hirwat xwayāhum <295> they rushed in a different direction away from their comrades. wigas mahāri $H\bar{a}vsin\ wa-l-Gd\bar{u}r\bar{a}t < 662$ he (CGāb) fell close to where Hāvis and al-Gdūrāt were, he was felled either by Hāvis or by one of al-Gdūrāt.

hzm hazam to tie <166,567>; to bind, tie together. wu-hum $yahazm\bar{u}nihin$, bass hin $al-x\bar{e}l$ <475> so they brought them close together, the horses only. hazim <270> pl. $haz\bar{a}m$ <603> and $hz\bar{u}m$ rough terrain (cf. CA hazn).

hss hiss human voice <201,493>; sound. $t\bar{u}l$ hissuh <483> at the top of his voice.

hsb hasab to think, surmise <443,511,587>. hassibhu allah mitsatti <28> he might be thought of as a beggar.

hsn hisna good deed, charity; fair means, amicable manners $\langle 337 \rangle$ tahassan b. $\langle 331 \rangle$ to do a favor to, render a service to, do a good deed to.

- hášš hašš to cut grass. hašīš grass. mahašš sickle for cutting grass. haššāš grasscutter <118>.
- hšr al-miḥtišar <556> Day of Judgment (yawmu l-ḥašr).
- hṣl haṣal to happen, take place, come to pass. haṣṣal to get, obtain. yḥaṣil lak xwaya <413,415> you might get some company.
- htt hatt to put down, unload <86,262>; to place, put <208, 324>. hattah ba-l-faras <104> he aimed his shot at the horse. yihittah bi-šsarāt al-ibţ <191> he shot him right in the armpit. al-SWāji hāṭṭin luh širīṭih <430> al-CWāji promised a reward. hāṭṭīnin sindihum xabar <430> they left a word with them. tiḥiṭṭ sinduh ha-l-silm <359> give him this news, tell him the story. yiḥiṭṭūn lihum fitīlih <102> they would affix a fuse. ḥiṭṭu b-rūs al-mrisih lah awtād <167> they fastened pegs to the end of the rope. hiṭṭūhum rijmēn <215> they piled them in two heaps. hiṭṭu biṭin ha-l-išiddih ḥbāl <261> make these saddle girths into drawing ropes.
- hạḍḍ fortune, luck. ḥaḍḍ al-SBidāt min Šammar <356> the good fortune of the CAbdis of all Šammar (to have the honor of killing CGāb). ḥaḍīḍ pl. ḥḍiḍa lucky, fortunate. as-silSih silSt ḥḍiḍa (418) the horse was the horse of people of good fortune, an auspicious horse.
- hdb hadab to converge, rally, gather round, gather together $\langle 631 \rangle$.
- hadar to be present, to come. Saduww Sēnik hādir haka-l-yōm $\langle 299 \rangle$ you only wish that the enemy you hate to see (your most hated enemy) was present on that day. halāt ad-daSwa hādr b-hādir $\langle 389 \rangle$ it is best that this business is taken care of right away, the present matter should be taken care of presently. yaḥadr aš-šēṭān bēnihum see bēn.

- hdy tahadda to follow closely, to go after <488,520,521>.
- hfr hafar to dig. hifrih ditch. Sala hifirt al-mōt see mwt.
- hfy hafa gall, sourness. $h\bar{a}fi$ barefoot. $hafy\bar{a}nih$ having sore feet $\langle 391 \rangle$.
- haggag to give a share <82,114>; to give a gift. hagāg the gift given on special occasions such as yōm al-sīd. hagg share, portion, one's due, one's right <3,14>; true, right, correct; legal claim. yamši li al-hagg <44> let him come with me to seek legal justice. Sala mistahagguh <1> properly, correctly. ya-hagg ibūy w-jiddi <181,358> my kith and kin! progeny of my forefathers. hagg (with foll. genit.) same as māl in Gulf Arabic, btās in Egyptian Arabic, etc., e.g. haggi mine, haggik yours, etc.
- hky haća to talk. haća to talk with, talk to. haćiy speech, talk. haća al-haćiy al-ha
- hll halāl livestock, camel herds (50). hillih quarter, habitat, camp.
- hls hlisat rāmih <189> a big hard smooth rock. aḥēlsin amēlis smooth and soft.
- hlf halaf to swear. halaf $yim\bar{\imath}n$ <407,416> he swore a solemn oath.
- hlg halg throat. ratb al-halg <172,508> with wet throat, alive. $s\bar{a}r$ b-halguh <249>, $\bar{\imath}l\bar{a}uh$ b-halguh <510> he came into his way, opposed him, resisted him, defied him, outdared him.
- hly tahalla to see, look, watch, observe <32>. halāt ad-daswa hādr b-hādir see hdr.
- hmd hamād <391> mostly a designation of the Syrian desert, but it could refer to any flat, hard, expansive, and barren desert.
- $\hbar mr$ $\hbar amar$ red, hot. al- $g\bar{e}g$ al- $\hbar amar$ <391> a really hot summer.
- hml hamal to flock, overcrowd <304,461>; to carry, load.

hmw hamuw force, intensity, severity <107,499>; heat. mihmi dibīl al-jirīrih <376> he who routs the enemy troops and sends them fleeing at the utmost speed.

hanšal to go on foot to steal camels $\langle 28 \rangle$. hanšal pl. hanšal a camel rustler on foot, rover on foot, landloper $\langle 289.293 \rangle$ (cf. hwf).

hwr hwār pl. hīrān <287> camel calf.

hwd hōd pl. hyād <126> leather watering trough supported on wood stands used to water animals; any sort of small water reservoir or cistern.

 $\hbar af$ to go round the edge, prowl. $\hbar afih$ edge, rim, border. $\hbar ayif$ <8> a camel rustler on foot who sneaks around the edge of the camp when it is dark and people are asleep to steal one or two camels and scurry away (cf. $\hbar nsil$). $\hbar afaw$ Sala rikayibkum <385> go round your mounts (and make sure that the saddle is tight, the loads are on properly, and that they are ready to go). $\hbar afih$ daring, big <189,200>.

hwl hāl to quit summer camp and go into the desert at the beginning of the rainy season <76>; to pass one year. hawwal to come down, dismount <122,308,382>. hayval to keep an animal barren (either to fatten it for slaughter or to preserve its strength for riding). $h\bar{i}l < 284,626 > \sin g$. hāvil barren. hvāl barrenness <614> hōl one year. mahāl waste, waterless desert <74>. hāl state, condition. l-hāluh alone, by himself $\langle 28 \rangle$. tamši hālihum $\langle 247 \rangle$ barely adequate, not superb, below standard. ma luh hīlih $\langle 105,140 \rangle$ he can do nothing, powerless, $h\bar{e}l$ strength. $ba-l-h\bar{e}l < 38.640 >$ (adv. of manner) earnestly, seriously, very much, to the utmost. fi sāsatin sala l-mhawwil tiģīlih see tgl.

hyy haya green pasture <247>. ya-basadhayy see basad.

hyd $h\bar{a}d$ to swerve, desist. $h\bar{a}yad$ to shun, avoid, keep apart, stay away $\langle 560 \rangle$.

hyr $h\bar{e}r$ fenced palm garden. zammt al- $h\bar{e}r$ the rising tops of clustered palms <604>.

hyn $ha-l-h\bar{t}n < 59,101 > (adv. of time) right now.$

 $xb\bar{b}$ sing. xabb f. xibbih dimin. $xb\bar{e}b(ih)$ <406,408> a low, flat, hard ground in the middle of the sands.

- xabar to know, know of, be aware of, acquainted with <41, 84,318,369,420,423,578>. xabar <67,467> pl. xabār <383> news, report. yiridd al-xabar <67,467> to deliver the news, tell the story. xubrih <78,220> group, division (when a large number of people are travelling together they divide into small groups; each is called xubrih). xabra rain pool.
- xdm minxadim downcast, dejected, droopy, depressed, weary.
 b-inxdāmi <617> despondently.
- xaras, xaras, to surmise, conjecture, estimate. $xr\bar{a}s$, conjecture $\langle 130 \rangle$.
- xr? xarra? to scare $\langle 494 \rangle$.
- xzz xazz to pick out, single out. $xaz\bar{\imath}zih$ pick, prime choice $\langle 113 \rangle$
- xzl xazal to separate, set apart. inxazal to be separated, detached <391>.
- $x\check{s}r$ $x\bar{a}\check{s}ar$ to share <275>. $ax\check{s}ar$ to give a share in, include in <571>.
- xšm xašim nose, front part, peak, spur <399>. xašm al-bārūd <228> the mouth of the gun barrel, the gun muzzle.
- $x\bar{s}\bar{s}$ $xa\bar{s}\bar{s}$ to single out, distinguish, favor; to belong to, concern <144>. $x\bar{a}\bar{s}\bar{s}ih$ relative, someone special <150>. $xa\bar{s}\bar{s}$, $x\bar{s}\bar{u}\bar{s}$ especially.
- x\$\square\$ x\$\alpha\$ x\$\alpha\$ is clip. x\$\alpha\$ is lock of hair; personal trait. m\$x\$\alpha\$\square\$ ilih <99>, m\$x\$\alpha\$\square\$ had the hair of its neck and tail clipped short.
- xtt xatt to make a line; line. xattat to make lines, dye. mxattitāt camels painted with lines of blood <272>.
- xtr xatar to stop as a guest <394>. xatar pl. xittar and xatatar passing visitor, travelling guest. xatar mind, wish, desire, thought. $alli\ b-xatri<401>$ what I aspire to, hope for.
- xtm xatam to pass in front of someone, to cross someone's path, to intercept. xattam to lead in the way of, in front of <108,300,502>. xtām noseband, halter.
- $x \neq w$ (with foll. genit.) a certain one, some of. $x \neq w$ a $s \neq w$ a $s \neq w$ a $s \neq w$ some fair youths, certain fair youths.

xff xaff to be light. ixtaff to act overexcited, confused, terrified; to run in fear <122>. xafīfih pl. xfāf slim <459, 489>; not heavy with load <233>. Hidlūl ya-xafīf ad-damm see footnote 40 Part II.

- xfr xafrat chaste, veiled women <666>.
- x11 xall a road penetrating the sand <56>.
- xalaj to squeeze, stir. $xal\bar{u}j$ <365> pl. $max\bar{a}l\bar{\iota}j$ <619> and xilj camel bereft of her young thus groaning piteously and running aimlessly (as if her heart is stirred or squeezed with grief); this epithet is also applied metaphorically to a bereaved person.
- xls xalas to be finished, done, through. x \bar{a} lis finished, done, over with $\langle 270 \rangle$. mxallis finished $\langle 390 \rangle$. xalas that is it, it is over $\langle 166 \rangle$.
- xalaf to give compensation, recompense, requite, indemnify. taxallaf allah <121> ask recompense from God. ixtalaf to totter, tumble <196>; to make a mistake, to commit an error. $xl\bar{a}f$ harm; detriment. ma buh $xl\bar{a}f$ <539> there is nothing wrong with him.
- xlg xalg creation, creatures. xalg allah God's creation, people. xalg allah ma ana warāh $\langle 331 \rangle$ as for other people, I should not be held accountable for what they do.
- xly xalla to let, leave, let alone $\langle 145,147,186,187,217,218,415,475,515 \rangle$, to allow, let, cause to $\langle 35,66 \rangle$. axla to vacate, leave, quit $\langle 375 \rangle$. xāli empty. xala desert, waste $\langle 163 \rangle$.
- xmm xamm to pass through quickly <600>; to grab.
- xmš xamaš to grab, snatch <198>.
- xml axmal to do wrong. xamāl fault, wrong <108>.
- xnṣr xanṣar to turn aside, take a separate way, be isolated <78> (cf. xinṣir little finger).
- xyb $x\bar{a}b$ to fail, loose out. $silimt\ w-x\bar{a}b\ t\bar{a}lbak < 535 > you$ are safe and your pursuer will go away empty handed (a formula said by someone granting asylum to a fugitive).
- xyr $x\bar{e}r$ prosperity, good, goodness $\langle 20,22 \rangle$. ma bah $x\bar{e}r$ $\langle 321 \rangle$ useless, worthless. $xy\bar{a}r$ choice. hu $ba-l-xy\bar{a}r$ $\langle 151 \rangle$ he is free to choose. \dot{gillt} $al-x\bar{e}r$ $\langle 621 \rangle$ little merit, no good.

xyl xēl horses. xayyāl a horseman, rider $\langle 98,100,390 \rangle$. xayyāl $al-x\bar{e}l \langle 509 \rangle$ I am the best horseman, the most fearless rider, xayyāl $ar-rham\bar{a}n \langle 513 \rangle$ I am the rider of His Grace.

- dbr dabbar to plan, bring about, be in charge. $dib\bar{\imath}r$ ruler, overseer $\langle 373 \rangle$.
- dbs $dabb\bar{u}s$ pl. $dib\bar{a}b\bar{\imath}s$ heavy club. $tid\bar{a}bisaw$ to come to blows $\langle 298 \rangle$. $midb\bar{a}s$ brave, bold $\langle 591 \rangle$.
- dbš dibaš cattle, camel herds <58,125,315,456>. dbiših brute, stupid.
- dbl dibīlih panic, flight, rout <367,376>.
- dhh dahh to hit, strike, knock down <496>.
- dhy daha to stuff, fill, load <102>. dihuw stuffing; ostrich nest.
- daxal to enter, enter the tent seeking dxālih <19,21,26>. tidaxxal to interfere <53>. dxālih a nomadic institution whereby a fugitive enters the sanctuary of the tent of a prominent person to seek his protection (on this nomadic institution see Burckhardt 1831, I:329-338; Musil 1928b: 441-452; Dickson 1949: 133-139). nadxal Sala allah Sanhum <155> we seek refuge in God from slandering them, fear of God prevents us from slandering them. yadixl ad-dimmih see dmm.
- dr? $d\bar{a}ra/yd\bar{a}ri$, yadra <39,40> to treat with consideration; to respect; to fear.
- drb road, way; manner. b-darb al-mazh <115> in the way of jesting, merely jesting.
- drk darć on the verge of death, near perdition, in great danger. istadrak to nearly perish from thirst <311>.
- dry diri to be aware <91>; to know <15,362,372> (see also dr?).
- $d\check{s}\check{s}$ $da\check{s}\check{s}$ to enter; to wade $\langle 72 \rangle$.
- dSm daSam to dash, strike, run against <470>.
- dy day case, matter, affair 386,389. halāt ad-day hāy b-hāy see hy.
- dff daff side <96,602,667> abyad daff see byd.
- dfg difag to spell, pour out <469>. madfūgin finjāluh see finjāl

dfn difan to bury. mindifin buried, clogged (water well) <260>.

dgg $dg\bar{a}g$ slim, slender, thin, fine. $dg\bar{a}g$ $as-s\bar{e}d$ <82> small game. digg tiny, fine, minute, subtle; antonym jill big, weighty, sublime. digg w-jill small and big, everything, everybody.

dkk daćć to ram. midaćć ramrod <192,213>.

dll dall to know the way <420,442>. dilīl, dilīlih pl. dlala <415> guide.

dalla an auxiliary verb with a durative aspect <62,66,176, 183,197,209,262,263,295,476,547>. adla to go for, set upon, fall upon, move in, launch at, assault <491,600,601,602>. daluw pl. dliyy a leather bucket used to draw water from the well <72>.

dms admas al-lēl $\langle 554 \rangle$ darkness fell. al-idmās darkness $\langle 593 \rangle$.

dng dannag to stoop, bow down, bend over <24,353>.

dana to come close, near. $d\bar{a}na$ to stand, bear, dare to, take heart to $\langle 559,560 \rangle$. $tid\bar{a}naw$ to draw near each other; to be relatives $\langle 634 \rangle$. ad-dinya this world. $ma~\Omega$ indi luh la $y\bar{o}m~dinya~wla~y\bar{o}m~\bar{a}xrih~\langle 341 \rangle$ I owe him nothing neither in this world nor in the hereafter, I did him no wrong whatsoever. $y\bar{o}m~ad$ -dinya $n\bar{a}hb~w$ -manh $\bar{u}b~\langle 9 \rangle$ when people used either to plunder or be plundered, during the days of raids and counter-raids. ad-dinya $y\bar{o}min~lak~w$ - $y\bar{o}min~\Omega l\bar{e}k~\langle 3 \rangle$ life comes your way one day and the next it goes against you.

dhdy tidahda to roll down <588>.

 $d\bar{a}r$ to turn, rove, roam dawwar to search, look for <455, 611,625,667>. $d\bar{o}r$ time, age <5>. $d\bar{\imath}rih$ pl. $dy\bar{a}r$ territory, region, homeland, tribal range <76,259>.

dws $d\bar{a}s$ to step on, to thresh (grain). $dy\bar{a}s$ threshing. tawaddas to tread upon, trample underfoot $\langle 594 \rangle$ (see wds).

 $d\bar{u}k$ $d\bar{u}k$ here, take, see <121> (cf. $d\bar{u}nik$).

dwn $d\bar{\imath}w\bar{a}n$ large assembly. $akk\bar{a}lt$ $ad-d\bar{\imath}w\bar{a}n$ <644> they who ravage enemy multitudes.

 $d\bar{u}n$ $d\bar{u}n$ less, smaller; lowly, inferior; on this side of; ahead of.

 $d\bar{u}n$ šwayy <286> of low caliber, somewhat inferior. $d\bar{u}n$ al-J $\bar{u}bih$ <41> before al-J $\bar{u}bih$, on this side of al-J $\bar{u}bih$. min $d\bar{u}nuh$ luh t\$\overline{S}\overline{s}\overline{a} <86>\$ there were low dunes ahead of it. ma a\$\overline{g}\overline{u}m \cdot G\overline{a}b \cdot (388) I will not rest before I meet $^{\circ}$ \$\overline{G}\overline{a}b. i\$Stara\overline{d}\overline{u}nuh jiddi <249> my grandfather stood in his way. y\overline{g}\overline{g}af al-ha\u00e9iy d\overline{u}nuh see \u00e1ky

 $d\bar{u}nik$ $d\bar{u}nik$ there, see, take $\langle 230 \rangle$ (see $d\bar{u}k$).

dyd $d\bar{e}d$ breast <196,213>.

dyn debt, obligation. $y\bar{u}fy$ ad-dy $\bar{u}n$ <542> to pay debts, settle accounts, retaliate, take vengeance.

dbḥ dibaḥ to kill. dibīḥ pl. dbaḥa <215> the dead. dabbāḥ ṣēd <251> a good hunter, a good marksman.

dr \tilde{q} for earm (a symbol of might and ability). $tiw\bar{t}l$ $ad-dr\tilde{a}$ capable man, resourceful. tala $si-dr\tilde{a}$ tala tala

dry dara to blow; disperse; winnow. dara shade, shelter. duwāri winds. tadra Salēh as-suwāfi <230> dusty winds blow on him madrātah min šarg <135> its eastern hideout.

 $\underline{d}\Omega\Omega$ $\underline{d}\Omega\Omega$ to blow (breeze); to ululate. $\underline{s}\overline{e}xin$ Ω $\underline{s}\overline{e}h$ $\underline{a}l-b\overline{u}$ $\underline{d}\Omega\Omega$ $\underline{d}\Omega\Omega$

 $d\Omega$ dasar to terrify; to send scuttling. $d\Omega$ are as-sibaya <509> I am the terror of horse riders (shouted by a horseman on the battlefield to frighten the enemy) (cf. str and stm).

 $\underline{d}kr$ $\underline{d}ikar$ to mention. $\underline{d}i\acute{c}ir$ mention, repute, renown. $ba-\underline{d}-\underline{d}i\acute{c}ir$ hearsay, so we hear <101>.

 $\underline{d}ky$ $\underline{d}akka$ to kill by slitting the throat $\langle 360,532,544 \rangle$. $ta\underline{d}k\bar{a}t$ slitting of the throat $\langle 360 \rangle$.

dll dall to be afraid <108,417,495>. dallal to frighten. ma min hikmin ydalll ar-rjāl <59> there was no government that would deter men. dilūl riding camel <381>. (The most common plural is rćāb or jēš, the plural form dlal occurs only in the frozen idiom akl hnēni w-rićb dlal eating of savory food and riding of noble mounts 'to describe a life of ease and comfort').

safe keeping; guardianship: dmmdimmih covenant: trust: yadixl ad-dimmih (1) scrupul ousness. οf one's obligation, it becomes а matter conscience. ana ha-l-hīn b-dimmatkum <321> now I am under your protection, you are responsible for my safety.

- dnb danab tail, rear end. donibat basad xel sNizih <465> some of cAnazah horses became tired and lagged behind, thus filed into a line of one behind the tail of the other, instead of charging together.
- <u>d</u>hb <u>d</u>ahab to perish, disappear. $ya-\underline{d}-\underline{d}\bar{a}hb\bar{\imath}na$ <233> same as $ya \ mal \ a\underline{d}-\underline{d}ah\bar{a}b$ may you perish (optative).
- $\underline{d}hn$ $\underline{d}ih\bar{\imath}n$ shrewd, calculating $\langle 240 \rangle$ hence not reckless in courage, not rash, not dashing.
- dwd dōd pl. adwād herd <285>. yūdis sala dōd al-msādi jarāyir see wds
- <u>dyb</u> <u>dīb</u> wolf. <u>dwēbān <232> little wolf (dimin. of endearment).</u>
- r_{2y} $r_{\overline{a}y}$ opinion, advice <162>. $r_{\overline{a}wa}$ to be undecisive. $m_{\overline{a}wa}$ hesitation <660>.
- rbb rabb to frequent (a place). marabb frequented pasture <375>. rabb God. rabbi w-rabbk allah <352> Allah is lord over the two of us (and will judge between us justly).
- rbx rabx fat. ribbax fat, out of condition <457>.
- rbš ribaš to confuse. mirtibiš confused, startled <507>.
- rabis fellow tribesmen, one's own group, company, followers $\langle 90,206,237,239,287,349,390 \rangle$ (same as $jim\bar{a}sih$). rabsat $al-b\bar{e}t$ the portion of the tent where men "ar-rabis" sit. ribs quarter. $\underline{d}ma$ al-bil ribs $\langle 412 \rangle$ camels thirst, come to drink on the fourth day. $mar\bar{a}b\bar{\imath}s$ quarters, regions, $mar\bar{a}b\bar{\imath}s$ $an-nj\bar{u}m$ $\langle 396 \rangle$ regions of the stars, heavens above.
- rts ritas to pasture leisurely $\langle 596 \rangle$. rt \bar{u} s spread out in pasture $\langle 87 \rangle$.
- ritas to run, to run loose. rātas to jump around <202,203>. trattis to run sprightly <119>. ritas bihum he routed them completely, stripped them of all their possessions.
- rjh rijah to go towards <610>; to weigh down, incline.

- rjd rijad to heap, pile up <339>.
- rjl rijil foot, afoot $\langle 106 \rangle$. rijli on foot $\langle 306 \rangle$. mingaț Ω tin buh rijil $\langle 313 \rangle$ he was walking with no mount to flee on. $\bar{\imath}$ dah b-rijlah see yd.
- rjm rijam to pile up $\langle 234,514 \rangle$, rijim pl. rjūm $\langle 215 \rangle$ cairn, peak, heap of stones (made into a shelter or an observation post).
- rjy yarji to hope for, wish for. fuwāt ma Sawwad Sala mirtijīnih <656> gone, never to return to those who long for him.
- rhl rahal to move camp. rihlih load camels used to move camp <89,94,96,97,106>.
- rḥm rḥamān Gracious God. xayyāl ar-rḥamān $\langle 513 \rangle$ I am the rider of His Grace. This battle cry is sometimes shortened to ar-rḥamān $\langle 502 \rangle$ (cf. akbar w-ana $\acute{c}ib\bar{\imath}r$ al-baxat q.v. bxt).
- rxrx raxrax to loosen <203>.
- rxs raxxas to give permission. irxis li <352> permit me.
- radd to return, come back, turn back; to send back, put back, take back; to bring back; drive back, repel. radd ad-dibaš <125> the camels came back from pasture. wu-hu yiridd la-s-sēf <515> he drew his sword. ya minnah taraddidat al-Slūm <417> when the news is spread. yiridd Snuh xabar <67> bring news of him. w-la yiridd minkum raddād al-xabar <467> not a soul among you would survive to tell the story. innik tiridd ha-ṣ-ṣōt w-ṣalāti <359> you must spread the news how I cried out and prayed. ćilmitak hu hāḍa maraddah <116> this is in response to what you have said. al-jmūs alli ma lah ḥadd wla radd see ḥdd.
- rds ridas to hit <191>; to halt, slow down <512>; to tip, give something extra <640>. rdāsih something over and above, for good measure, to boot, bonus.
- rdf ardaf to pile on; to take a $rid\bar{\imath}f$ "rear rider" <300,307>. ridf pl. $rd\bar{\imath}f$ rump, backside. $ar-r\bar{\imath}s$ min $f\bar{\imath}g$ al-galab mird $f\bar{\imath}nuh$ <664> we pile up feathers around the sharp tips of our spears for decoration).

rdy ridiyy mean, base, vile, weak, decrepit <322,409,415, 460>.

- rzz razz to erect, hoist $\langle 370 \rangle$.
- rzg mtarazzáih seekers of livelihood by looting <289>.
- rzm arzam to groan, moan <180>. rzimih constant loud groaning <287>.
- rsn risan rein, halter. ya tūl rsanah <513> he was knocked down from the back of his horse and was flung away the length of its halter (due to the strong impact of the stab) (see footnote 30 Part III).
- ršh rišah to drip, sweat. al-miršihih padd saddle, cloth saddle without stirrups <121> (same as mi?rigih from ?arag sweat; used to protect the rider from the sweat of his horse, so as to avoid slipping).
- rsn ristn for certain, unflinching $\langle 241 \rangle$.
- rțb rațb wet. rațb al-ḥalg see ḥlg.
- rdm ridam sing. rdimih rock <158,177,180,189>.
- rsd rasad thunder. virtisid to shake <566>.
- $r\Omega$ $r\Omega$ group <391>.
- rsv ra a to look after, tend, shepherd, $r\bar{a}$ a to see, look, watch $\langle 90,157,179,537 \rangle$; to look after, take care of $\langle 111 \rangle$. $r\bar{a}$ Si <469> pl. ri\$vān <256> herder. tarūh walad rā\$īh <469> he is indeed the bastard of his (father's) herder, a base man (cf. a man sometimes shouts as his war cry ana wild $ib\bar{u}v$ truly I am the son of my father). $r\bar{a}\Omega$ owner <19> (cf. ahal). $r\bar{a}$?i dil \bar{u} l <125,128,309,381> a camel rider. the water wheel. as-sānvih <268> the man on rāS al-imānih <379> the man entrusted (by Hidlūl). rāsi Jubbih <55> of Jubbih. rās as-Snēna <212> of as-Snēna. ma vūkal luh la hāml wla marsi <345.564> his cattle whether on the loose or tended is forbidden spoil.
- rf? rifa? to lift; to stampede; to spur <458>.
- rfg rifig a travelling companion <333>. When passing through a tribal territory, a stranger seeks to contract a member of that tribe to be his rifig, i.e. guide and protector from

other members of the tribe. The term rifig (also rifag) applies to both the traveller and his companion. To betray a companion or a guest is a most disgraceful act in the desert.

rgb

rāgab to watch, guard. argab to watch out, look out <287, 449,453>. taraggab to expect, wait for <287>. riģībih pl. rgiba sentry, lookout, watchman <135,449>. mirgāb a high spot to look out from. rgibih pl. argāb neck, life. išribu b-argābikum <165> you drink yourselves (without giving water to your mounts). Sala rgibtak <310> I pledge to spare your neck, your life. ytanaggal rgibt al-SWāji <519> to bear the responsibility of killing al-CWāji, to be accountable for the blood of al-CWāji. ya-liḥḥ rgibti <357> shield of my neck, protector of my life.

rkh

ricib to ride; to fit, arkab Sala to send a mounted delegation to <414>. vracbin to lead mounted men on raids <9>. trōćib to get up then fall on her knees, stumble <179>. rakb a party of riders <244>. rćāb, rikāyib mounted camels. rkavvbāt a small number of mounted camels. racbithu $an-Nid\bar{i}r$ va $ha-l-h\bar{i}n$ $\langle 432 \rangle$ the name Warner" stuck to him till this day. ricib Sad ha-s-sot (526) so this battle cry stuck, was perpetuated. ya rāćbitin rāsah (103) it fell on its head, dropped down. varćab rāsuh (191) he fell dead on his head (also he disobeyed, was obstinate). as-sSadēn ytarākabin <485> two good fortunes do not go together, two opposing sides cannot both be fortunate at the same time (i.e. one side can be fortunate only at the expense of the other). al xēl racbat ma jala fīha al-iddāb see jly. $s\bar{a}r$ at-tagg Sind ar-rcab <304> the fighting action moved near the mounts, close combat, they fought over mounts (i.e. fighting reached a critical stage, the pursuers pressed to seize the enemy's mounts, while the pursued fought with teeth and claws to save their necks as well as their mounts without which they would perish in the desert, if they had not already been killed by their

pursuers). $rć\bar{a}bikum\ h\bar{a}\underline{d}a\ \acute{g}idir\ la\dot{h}am$ <175> these mounts of yours consider them a pot of cooked meat, dead meat, flesh, worthless, lost, gone (i.e. do not worry about them or risk your lives trying to save them for your lives are much dearer than that of the mounts).

rkd rikad to run, to charge, attack, lead an assault <224,241>. tarkid b-itarah see 2tr.

rk? $r\bar{o}\dot{c}i$? kneel as you wish, pray as much as you want $\langle 353 \rangle$.

rkn rikin side <226>.

rky irtika to lean <202,203>. marka cushion, support, prop, something to lean on <542>.

rmḥ spear. tiwīl ar-rimḥ <564> the man of the long spear (honorific title indicating courage and strength of character). rimḥ al-msāzilih <112> This saying has a story. It is said that a group of raiders were dividing their spoils (this is called sazil or msāzilih). There remained one camel with wich they did not know what to do. When the struggle over this camel became serious, one of the raiders seized his rimḥ and pierced the camel in the heart, thus putting an end to the dispute over it. This is how the saying rimḥ al-msāzilih originated. It means putting an end to any sort of tussle or strife.

rmk rimak sing. rmikih mature horse. summ ar-rimak <590> strong mature horses.

rmy $r\bar{a}ma$ to beat to (place); to lay in wait for someone at some place, watch out for someone at an expected spot $\langle 259,267 \rangle$; to exchange shots. ramyin $t\bar{a}yir$ w-tayir see twr.

rhm arhamat the horse neighed <516>.

rwb $r\bar{a}b$ to curdle $\langle 359 \rangle$; to thicken $\langle 636 \rangle$.

rwj $r\bar{a}j$ to spin around in flight (birds); to run around (horses) $\langle 377,487,593 \rangle$.

rwh rāh to go, go away, leave <408>. rawwah to go, go away, leave <424,439>; to send away <563>. tarawwah <126, 233> to travel at the end of the day when it gets cool but before it gets dark. rūḥuh himself <350>. rayyah <118> to

give rest, let rest; to release; to put at ease. $mr\bar{\iota}h$ rested $\langle 497.522.654 \rangle$.

- rws $mirw\bar{a}s$ <499,587> the distance a horseman covers before he turns around and charges again. The point at which he wheels around is called $mihr\bar{a}f$ see hrf.
- rws $r\bar{a}s$ to terrify $\langle 376 \rangle$.
- $rw\dot{g}$ $r\bar{a}\dot{g}$ to get out of the way, turn away; to dodge, swerve $\langle 90 \rangle$.
- rwy riwi to quench one's thirst. rawwa to go to bring water <429>. rawwāy he who brings water. riyyih the bringing of water. rāwyih pl. rwiyy large receptacles made of camel skin used to hold and carry water on a camel's back. rawyān had enough to drink. mirwīn had finished watering <270> (see also r?y).
- ryd al-mrād anyway, at any rate, the point is, what I mean to say is $\langle 158,350,406 \rangle$.
- rys $tar\bar{a}yasaw$ they turned around, faced about <182,633>. $r\bar{\iota}s$ a mountain pass, defile <71,157,171,471>.
- ryf rīf verdure, opulence, life of plenty. rīf al-misāyīr <616> he who indulges his guests, extremely hospitable. rīf Sajfa sanāmi <611> he who dares fatten his camel herd on contested, verdant pastures, a brave man (Sajfa sanāmi a fat camel with a hump so big and high that it is tilting).
- zād see zyd.
- zbr zibar to heap up. zibrih heap. zibārih dune, knoll, elevation, low hill <468,469,588>. nhūdin mizābīr <617> breasts which are full. firm. erect.
- zbn ziban to seek refuge, safety; to find shelter <2,59,165>.
 zabban to run for one's safety <102,174>; to give refuge.
 zabin protector, protege.
- zjj zajj to spill, pour out. zajjan halāhīl <638> they cried out in joy. zajjat aṣwāt <665> cried out in wailing (cf. z \mathfrak{L} j and sbb).
- zḥm zaḥam to offend, affront <4>; to crowd. nahār az-zḥāmi <620> the day of jostling, fighting.
- zrf $zarf\bar{a}t \ al-bk\bar{a}r < 375 >$ lively young camels.

zrg zarag <495> to throw, dart; to pass quickly, slink, slip, slither. zarrag to drive quickly and stealthily <291>. zirīģ camels that are being led quickly and stealthily <291,297>.

- z\$j za\$aj to spill, shed, pour out; to dispatch quickly <126, 136,425,557>. inza\$aj to pass through quickly <557>. yaz\$aj as-sot <640> to cry out, scream, wail (cf. zjj and sbb).
- zSr $al-mh\bar{a}r$ $al-miz\bar{a}$ Sīr <606> vigorous, hard to control mares.
- zsi zisil to become angry <576>.
- z?m b-za?muh in his opinion, as he surmised, according to his estimation $\langle 85,134 \rangle$.
- zgr zigar to chide, scold, rebuff, repulse, drive away by shouting at <493,502,511,549,551>.
- zll zallt al-bādyih $\langle 64 \rangle$ the great majority of the Bedouin.
- zmm zamm to rise up. zammt $al-h\bar{e}r$ see hyr. Sala zammt $nh\bar{u}dah$ just as her breasts are growing full and firm.
- zml zammal to provide with mounts $\langle 220,563 \rangle$. zmālih mount. zamil pack camels. zammāl $\langle 390,565 \rangle$ pl. zimāmīl $\langle 440,441,447,545,546,561,565,625,646 \rangle$ cameleers who accompany raiders driving the pack camels which carry water and provisions for men and horses.
- znd zand forearm; fire steel. znād al-bārūd <193> cock.
- zhb zahab to be ready $\langle 151 \rangle$. zahhab to ready, prepare; to provide with victuals, provisions. zahāb pl. zihbuwwāt $\langle 390 \rangle$ victuals, provisions for the road. mizhabih the bag in which one carries his zahāb $\langle 175 \rangle$.
- zhl tizahhal b. to take upon oneself, obligate oneself, commit oneself. izhaluh do not worry for I shall take care of him <156>.
- zhml zahmal to swaddle; to raise, nurture <618>.
- zwl z $\bar{o}l$ human figure <149>. $ha-z-z\bar{o}l$ gaššitin $l\bar{a}j$ $b-S\bar{e}ni$ <268> that figure (I saw) felt like a straw falling into my eye (i.e. made me suspicious that we were being followed). ma $z\bar{u}l$ <164> as long as, since.
- zyd $z\bar{a}d$ to increase, multiply. $z\bar{o}d$ more, even more, more and above $\langle 130 \rangle$. $z\bar{o}d$ pride, arrogance, haughtiness $\langle 224 \rangle$. $z\bar{a}d$

- $\langle 282 \rangle$ a particle whose meaning and function are not very clear; it approximates in meaning then, in that case (cf. $\Im ad$).
- zyn zān to become seemly, good; to get fixed; to go well <542>. zayyan to fix, repair, remedy, arrange. zēn good, nice, fine, well. zēnīn al-myāḥih wa-l-irrāt see arr
- $s\bar{a}\Omega$ b- $s\bar{a}\Omega$ right away <390>. kill $s\bar{a}\Omega$ <252> every now and then, every time.
- sbg sibag to come first, to come ahead. as-sibbag $\langle 457 \rangle$ horses which outrun others. $sb\bar{u}g \langle 599 \rangle$ leather loops on the feet of the falcon to tie it to its wooden stand (Musil 1928b: 33).
- sby $as-sib\bar{a}ya$ (with no sing. form) horses. $d\Omega = as-sib\bar{a}ya$ (509) he who terrifies horse riders (cf. str and stm).
- stt as-stētiyyih <460> a bad horse, a horse the back of which measures only six spans; (the back of a good horse measures seven spans).
- str sitr protection, shield. sitr al-bniyy al-sfāfi <232> shield of chaste maidens, protector of their honor.
- shb sahab to set out <390>; to pull.
- shl sahal to scrape off. $sih\bar{\iota}lih$ a complete rout $\langle 378 \rangle$.
- sdd sadd to be sufficient; to take the place of <620>.
- sdy sida to lay a rope in an extended fashion. msadda extended <664>. saduw warp.
- srb sirbih squadron, cavalcade <447,461>.
- srh sarah to roam, rove. sirhan an epithet given to the wolf but it is also used as a personal name <500,501>.
- srg sarag to steal. yasirgūn rūḥahum <397> they set out stealthily.
- sry sara to travel by night, set out by night <443,570,628>.
- ssa sasad good fortune. habb luh sasad <8,65> the wind of luck blew in his direction. tabšir ba-s-sasad <51> I shall help you, I shall cheer you up. as-ssaden ma ytarākabin see rkb.
- sr ytimas far to chase like a mad dog <515. sistinh blazing fire <378 ytimas far taltihum see tly.

sfr sāfar to travel, go on a trip. saffar to dispatch, send away <661>. sāfir gone to bring provisions <334>. sifrih a leather bag used by travellers to carry provisions <324,326>.

sfy sifa to blow (wind). suwāfi dusty winds <230>.

sgm sigmih provisions, food <334>

sll sall to draw <302,360>.

slb aslāb clothes <647>. silb skin, peel.

slj sl $\bar{u}j$ small game $\langle 82 \rangle$.

sils in pl. slas <344,347,350,386,415,418> precious, rare object; object of high value, marketable object. In the Bedouin parlance, it usually refers to a horse, camel mount or a rifle.

slf salaf to precede, antecede, to have happened in the past. sallaf to go first, go ahead, hasten <611,643>. salaf troop of warriors riding at the head of a migrating tribe. solaf to talk <566>. sālfih pl. suwālif stories, past narrate. <2.402.408>. sālfih affair <40>. happenings matter. as-suwālif tiwīlitin Sarīdih <2> narratives are long wide: plentiful. as-suwālif ba-t-tfittin <402> one remembers, one narrates.

silim to be safe. sallam to hand over, yield <563> silimt $w-x\bar{a}b$ $t\bar{a}lbak$ <535> you will be safe and your pursuer will be repelled (said to a fugitive or captive by one offering him protection) salm pl. $sl\bar{u}m$ <311,313> customs, manners, established norms.

smr misāmīr nails; large, hot nails used to brand cattle or to cure illness. misāmīr Hidlūl $\langle 370 \rangle$ a metaphor used by the poet alluding to the pain he felt at the loss of Hidlūl, comparing such pain to branding by hot nails.

snd sannad <56,57,62> to go up, go upstream, go in an upward direction.

sn? to take care of <111>; to manage; to fix.

sana? sana? like, as <11,487>.

 $sn\bar{a}f$ a lofty place, a prominent spot. $sn\bar{a}fi$ a gallant man $\langle 228 \rangle$.

shj sahaj to pass through quickly; to pass by quickly <592, 612>.

shl sahil light <538>; easy. sihlih soft sand <474>.

swāt see swy

swj $s\bar{a}j$ to get loose, slacken <203>.

swf $s\bar{a}f$ to rub <353>.

swg $s\bar{a}g$ to pass, hand over <154,155>; to give ransom <348> or dowry; to deliver a gift <405>. $s\bar{a}gih$ pl. $s\bar{a}g\bar{a}t$ <633> the rear of a retreating army.

swm $s\bar{a}m$ to offer a price; to bargain $\langle 350,359,621 \rangle$ $ms\bar{a}yim$ to stop eating. $ms\bar{\imath}m$ enduring difficulty $\langle 391 \rangle$.

swy sawwa to do $\langle 125 \rangle$. swāt like, resembling $\langle 119 \rangle$.

syr $s\bar{a}r$ to walk. sayyar sala to pay a visit to. misy $\bar{a}r$ a visit. mis $\bar{a}y\bar{i}r$ visitors <616>. $r\bar{i}f$ al-mis $\bar{a}y\bar{i}r$ see ryf.

šbk šabkih melee, scuffle <330>.

šḥḥ saḥḥ buh <104,111> he spared his life thinking that he was too good a person to be killed, out of respect for his character.

 $\check{s}xl$ $\check{s}ix\bar{\imath}lih$ pl. $\check{s}ax\bar{a}yil$ <458> one camel each.

šdd šadd to saddle; to move camp. $šd\bar{a}d$ pl. $i\check{s}iddih$ saddle $\langle 261 \rangle$.

šdy yašda (no perf. form) to resemble <123,606,639>.

šdb šidībih mountain, escarpment, ridge <135>.

šrb širib to drink. *šarāb* drink. *širb* drinking. *šārib* drinker; mustachio. *mšōrab* mustachioed, a bold man <662>.

 $\check{s}rd$ $\check{s}arad$ to flee, run away $\langle 478,480,565,604 \rangle$ $\check{s}ir\bar{\iota}dih$ survivor $\langle 163 \rangle$.

šrţ šaraţ to set a condition; to give a reward for the fulfilment of an obligation. širīţih <430>, šarţ reward.

 $\check{s}r\mathfrak{T}$ $\check{s}arra\mathfrak{T}$ to bend down to drink from a pond or a pool <171>. $\check{s}ir\bar{\imath}\mathfrak{T}ih$ drinking pool. $a\check{s}ra\mathfrak{T}$ to set off <119>; to start.

šrf šrifih a high place <471>.

šrh širih to aspire to <83,114>; to feel slighted, offended. tišarrah to reproach in a mild and friendly manner. šarh to feel slightly offended; to entertain an ambition or hope.

štr tišattar to withdraw; to move aside <103>.

- $\check{s}sr$ $ma\check{s}s\bar{u}rih$ a horse with an ominous sign $\langle 400 \rangle$.
- šst šasat rend, slit, rip <196>.
- šġl šiġil doing, practice, action <516>.
- *šfg* tišaffag to be anxious, keen $\langle 527 \rangle$.
- *šfy* šifa a high place $\langle 257 \rangle$.
- *šgḥ* a šgaḥ fair, pinkish white <239,272>. xaṭw a šgaḥ aṣ-ṣibyān see xtw.
- škk šakk to stab, cut through <572>.
- škl tišākalaw to quarrel, contend <75>. mišāćīl men of importance, men of prestige, men with high aspirations <633,643>. aškal sala to be difficult for, problematic.
- *šīll* šall to take, carry, $\langle 72 \rangle$; to snatch $\langle 658 \rangle$.
- šlh mišlah cloak <238>.
- šis šalas to seize <638>; to take off. šallas to pluck, extract, remove <619>; to rout, despoil <467>.
- šlf šalfa spear blade, spear point <578>.
- šlw tēr šalwa see tyr.
- $\check{s}mm$ $\check{s}m\bar{a}m$ instantly, in a twinkle <119,214,231,308,478>.
- šnn šinīnih a mixture of water and milk <228>. šannih a dry old water skin
- $\check{s}n\check{s}l$ $m\check{s}an\check{s}al\bar{a}t$ <234> spears adorned at the ring between the shaft and the spear blade with tiny chains ($\check{s}an\bar{a}\check{s}il$) which tinkle at every movement of the rider (Musil 1928b:520).
- $\check{s}ng$ $\check{s}anag$ side $\langle 558 \rangle$; direction, a different direction, the other way $\langle 204,205,290,295,442,443 \rangle$.
- šhr šahar to take off, soar $\langle 598 \rangle$. mišāhīr warriors who wear distinctive badges or uniforms $\langle 613,623 \rangle$.
- šhl šahhal to raise <190>.
- šwr šōr advice, opinion. šōri Salēk <282> it is my advice to you <282>. tišāwaraw they took counsel <605>.
- šwš šawwaš to be startled, excited, surprised <606>.
- $\check{s}w\mathfrak{L}$ $\check{s}\tilde{a}\mathfrak{L}$ to goad, press, drive <97>.
- $\check{s}wf$ $\check{s}\bar{a}f$ to see, look <29,126,252,264,268>.
- šwg š \bar{o} g beloved <236>; husband; love; desire. š \bar{o} g m \bar{u} di jibīnih see jbn.

- $\check{s}wl$ $\check{s}awwal$ to raise its tail (an animal) in excitement; adj. $mi\check{s}\bar{a}w\bar{\imath}l < 603,636$.
- šwy šwayy, šwēn a little <458>. min šwēn <201,511> a little while ago. $d\bar{u}n$ šwayy see $d\bar{u}n$. ma luh šwa <302> gutsy, bold.
- šyb šībān <2> sing. šāyib dimin. šwayyib <566> old man.
- *šyh* $m \tilde{s} \tilde{\iota} h$ galloping, running fast $\langle 667 \rangle$.
- šyx šēx chief. šēx al-jahām see jhm (and footnote 60 part II).
- *šy* \S *šayya* \S to announce $\langle 251 \rangle$.
- \check{s} yl \check{s} al to carry, load $\langle 87,96,217 \rangle$.
- sbb sabb to pour, pour forth. ab-asibb li soten <352> I wish to cry out. sibb an-nsa <617> cry out in wailing (cf. zjj and zsi).
- sbt sabbat to lie quietly <158>.
- şby şibiyy dimin. şbayy pl. şibyān gallant youth <109,239,590>
- shb ashab to be friend; to be at peace with; to conclude a peace treaty with <405,414>.
- sadd to avoid, shun, back away, draw back <486,663>.
- şdr şaddar to turn away from water <76>. şidir camels just turning back from water <58>.
- sdg sigg true; truth <139>.
- srf $mis\bar{a}r\bar{i}f$ right of disposal, exercise of free will, choice $\langle 374 \rangle$.
- sitar to slap, hit. sitar pride. mastūr an-nišāma <484> the proudest of the proud, the bravest of the brave (shouted by a warrior on the battlefield, cf. dsr and stm).
- stm sitam to strike, hit. stam al-manasīr <609>. subduer of the arrogant (cf. dsr and str).
- sita to dare to, have the heart to, have the courage <560>. sati bold, intrepid, dauntless <8>. sati wounds <330>.
- sfh saffah to turn aside, flee <493,502,550>. sifih <429> the eastern or southern side of an elevation; the northern side is called al-magnat; the western side is called dahar.
- sfr sifir white horses <609>. as-sfiri the Fall Season <389>.
- sft sifat to favor <276>.
- sfg sifag to strike, slap, hit <631>.

- sfy sifāh hard ground, rocky <71,179>.
- sgg siģģ see sdg.
- sgt sigat to fall down <308>; to fall behind <459>.
- skk sakk sala to surround, encircle, press around <298,461>; to lock.
- salb, salb, salab hard. salab hard ground <462>. salbi <557,560> pl. salab a despised pariah tribe who occupy the lowest status on the nomadic social and political scale. They work mostly as tinkers, smiths and hunters.
- sh mişlāh pl. mişālīh <246> good managers and herders of camels who look after their camels carefully by defending them against raiders and grazing them on good pastures.
- slx salax to skin. timaslax to undress. $masl\bar{u}x$ pl. $mis\bar{a}l\bar{t}x$ (183) naked.
- slt siltih pl. slat affliction, torment, ordeal <100>.
- salag to send straight to <43>; to drive straight against <163>; to lead straight to <252>; to plunge down into <263>; to drive straight through <481>.
- smm summ strong, hard. summ ar-rimak see rmk.
- sml simal to be firm; to hold on $\langle 40,392 \rangle$. $sim\bar{\imath}l$ milk skin $\langle 368 \rangle$.
- sawab to wound <479,539>; to aim; to hit the mark. $suw\bar{a}b$ wound <538,541>. $suw\bar{i}b$ <533>, msawab <208,533> $ms\bar{a}b$ <538> wounded.
- swt sawwat to call out, cry out $\langle 206,477 \rangle$. sōt voice; shouting; call $\langle 356,513 \rangle$. ab-asibb li sōtēn see sbb.
- sal sal
- syh $s\bar{a}h$ to shout; to cry for help $\langle 256 \rangle$.
- syd $sec{e}d$ quarry, game $\langle 251 \rangle$; aim, intent, purpose, reason $\langle 433 \rangle$.
- syr sar to become. sayyar end, result, fated outcome $\langle 470 \rangle$.
- tbb to jump down, to come down, to land <157,170,514, 545> to come into <154>; to arrive.
- tbh tabbah to jump down <396>.

tabbag to come down, to jump down $\langle 170,302,478,518 \rangle$; to arrive $\langle 307 \rangle$.

- trh tarah to throw down; to throw off the saddle; to fell <77, 173,383>. tirīh thrown down, felled <592>.
- trd tarad to pursue, chase <290,294,459>; to hunt down <300>; to seek, search after <150>.
- trš tarš camel herds spread out in pasture <96,106,191,437, 446.448>.
- trf taraf edge, border <569>. tārfih a relative <345>, a distant relative. alli min tarafk anyone special to you, anyone of concern to you. amma min taraf <51,248> concerning, regarding, as for. atraf Šammiryin <359> any Šammari, the first Šammari you meet. atraf bēt \$Nizi <217> any Anazi tent. tarāyif amusing, entertaining <4>.
- trg tarag to trod <72>; to frequent. mitāriģ <228> sing. mitrag rattan stick, cane (here used as epithet for the flintlocks meaning they were long and straight).
- try tara to cross one's mind <421>.
- $t\Omega s = t\Omega s < 86$ dimin. $t\Omega e s < 86,406$ pl. $t\Omega e s$ sand dune.
- tfh tafhih suddenly, instantly. yidbahōn tafhih <311> to be killed without notice, without exchanging words and being acquainted with each other's identity and intentions.
- tfg tafg unsteady, erratic, uncontrollable, wild, fiery <606>.
- tgg tagg to hit, strike <165,167>. at-tagg fighting <304>. \$\bar{a}r\$ at-tagg find ar-r\darkab see rkb.
- tilb talab to ask for $\langle 21,31 \rangle$. atlab to pursue, go after $\langle 95, 105,295,447 \rangle$. talab pursuing party $\langle 269 \rangle$; object of pursuit; the person sought after for revenge. at-talab wāḥid wa-n-nāmūs wāḥid $\langle 508 \rangle$ we are after the same culprit and we will share the honor of exacting vengeance on him. atlāb pursuits $\langle 635,643 \rangle$. silimt w-xāb tālibk see xyb.
- talas to come out <189,268>; to come out of <395>; to come ahead <457>; to come up, ascend <86>; to appear <264>; to deliver, rescue <307>; to emerge, rise <8,63,367>.

atlas to bring out, take out $\langle 185,195,289 \rangle$, to rescue $\langle 301 \rangle$. till quarry $\langle 598 \rangle$.

tlg talag fire shot <102,111>.

timis to hope for, wish for $\langle 13,290 \rangle$. timas gain $\langle 92,348 \rangle$; coveted object $\langle 16 \rangle$. at-timas b-rūsukm antum $\langle 175 \rangle$ what you should strive for is to save your own heads. hum timashum ba-l-bill $\langle 296 \rangle$ they were after the camels.

tny tana to swell with anger. $a\underline{t}$ -tanāya <358> they who swell with anger when they are wronged (one of the many honorific names given to the Šammar).

twl tiwīl long. tiwīl ar-rimḥ see rmḥ. tūl ḥissuh see ḥss. tūl rsanah see rsn. as-suwālif ṭiwīlitin Sarīḍih see slf.

twy tawa to fold <368>.

tyb $t\bar{t}b$ virtue <3>; good deeds <83>. tayyib gallant <8,152,146>. tyābat ćabdi joy of my heart <358,504>. $t\bar{a}bay = t\bar{a}bat$ it went fine, it ended well <206>.

tyh tāh to fall <67>. ṭāh bēn īdēni see yd.

tyr tēr bird, falcon. tēr Šalwa <510> said of a gallant, bold man (Šalwa is a place from where the best falcons are brought). manzl aṭ-ṭēr (600) the eagle's aerie, summits where eagles build their nests, ṭār galbuh <305> his heart flew (in fear). miṭīr refuge, shelter <488>. mṭayyritn Syūnah <180> her eyes are wide open, looking intensely. ṭēr mōt see mwt. ramyin ṭāyir w-Sajjin ṭāyir see twr.

dbb dabb to surround, encircle <171>.

dby dabiy < 77,78,562,564 > pl. <math>dba < 82 > small fawn gazelles.

dhy dahha (571) to sacrifice an animal on $\Omega daddhiy$

drb darab to cross, traverse $\langle 55,56,76,391 \rangle$ darrab to cover. $dir\bar{u}bih$ stud camel $\langle 109,143 \rangle$.

daram craving. Sala $x\bar{e}l$ $al-mS\bar{a}di$ darami <618> he craves to rout the enemy horses.

dry dari, mdarra <591,592> used, trained.

dff daff to take all, round up $\langle 315 \rangle$.

dfy difa to spread over, to be abundant. tadfi Salēhum al-bgirih <80> the oryx sufficed for all of them. Hidlūl ma yadfi Salēh al-mans <328> Hidlūl is not covered (included) in al-mans

dalas to limp $\langle 410 \rangle$. dalas limping $\langle 391 \rangle$ dalas low mountain, hill $\langle 41,137,168,170,174,176 \rangle$.

- dmr $d\bar{a}mir$ gaunt, lean $\langle 381 \rangle$. $dim\bar{a}r\bar{\imath}n$ kind of grass which camels like to graze on $\langle 375 \rangle$.
- dmn diman to insure, guarantee, safeguard, take responsibility for <222>.
- dmy dimi to get thirsty. midmīn they were thirsty <140>.
 madmāt pl. midāmi waterless waste <387,393>. dma al-bil
 <412> the day on which the camels get thirsty.
- dhr dahar to appear, come out $\langle 474 \rangle$. tidahhar to attack from behind $\langle 204 \rangle$. $mid dah \bar{i}r$ load camels $\langle 87 \rangle$.
- \underline{dyf} \underline{def} guest. $\underline{tidayyaf}$ to come as a guest $\langle 394 \rangle$.
- dyg dāg to become tight, straitened. dāgat sala Hidlūl <307> Hidlūl became desperate.
- $\underline{d}ym$ $\underline{d}\bar{a}m$ to oppress $\langle 314 \rangle$. $isti\underline{d}\bar{a}m$ to feel oppressed, desperate $\langle 301 \rangle$.
- \$\(\) \$\lambda d\) it is difficult to determine the exact function and meaning of this particle. Commonly, it means "so, and so, so then, consequently." <2,46,60,81,101,113,116,129,157,199,221, 242,283,343,352,356,432,433,440,490,526,543,585. The meaning of the particle changes when it occurs in the negative or in a question: \$\lambda a \tilde{a} d a \tilde{s} \tilde{u} f wajhak do not let me see your face any more. \$innuh ma \(\tilde{s} \tilde{a} d \) yil\(\tilde{u} \) \$\tilde{s} \tilde{h} anak \(\tilde{g} \) \$\tilde{e} r ma \(l \) \$\tilde{a} \) \$\tilde{c} d \(\tilde{s} \) \$\tilde{s} \) \$\tilde{o} \) so what?
- Sbr Sabar to cross, traverse, $maS\bar{a}b\bar{i}r$ traversing of great distances and desert highways $\langle 602 \rangle$; to cross the river.
- Sbs Sabbās spear, lance <590>.
- Sby Saba to mobilize $\langle 590 \rangle$; to fill. mSabiyyih full of $\langle 453 \rangle$. $S\bar{e}bih$ a large travelling bag made of wool.
- Stb Satab to hobble <179>.
- Str Satar to stumble, trip. $Sat\bar{t}ritin\ lak < 505$ he is your chase, you are the one who stabbed him first.
- Sij Sajj < 341 > raising of dust. ramyin tayir w-Sajjin tayir see twr.
- Sif Sajaf (same as jaSaf) to cause to tilt, to cause to bend.

 $in \Im f$ bending $\langle 226 \rangle$. $\Im f$ sanāmi $\langle 611 \rangle$ a fat camel whose hump is so high it tilts to one side.

- Sadd to count; to recount, tell. yiSidd at-tārīx <1> to recount history. yiSidd aṣ-ṣiḥīḥ, yiSidd aṣ-ṣiģġ to tell the truth. ma adri wallah hu Sadadn o xrāṣ <130> I really do not know whether this is an exact figure or merely a guess. Sidd a water well with plenty of water, a water well that is never empty <403>. al-Siddih <126> gear, the contraptions hoisted on top of a water well to draw water from it, e.g. the wheel and the wooden props and beams
- \$\(\angle ad\bar{t}m \) <100,152> pl. \$\(\angle d\bar{a}mi \) <598> unequalled in courage, champion. \$\(\alpha d\bar{a}mih \) <510,514> pl. \$\(\alpha ad\bar{a}m \) <294,448,464,510, 514> elevation, sand blown around a tree to form a small knoll.
- $\mbox{\it Sada}$ to run; to run after; to assault, launch an attack <247, 253,436,350>. $\mbox{\it Sadda}$ to exceed, go beyond, surpass <350>. $\mbox{\it taSadda}$ to cross; to pass, go beyond <468,471>. $\mbox{\it al-Sdat}$ runners <435>.
- Sdr Sidir excuse <109>.
- Sadālih shame, disgrace <238>.
- Srb mSarrab of noble blood. $mSarrib\bar{\imath}n$ $al-ax\bar{a}w\bar{\imath}l$ <634> their maternal uncles are of pure noble descent.
- Srd Sarad to appear, to come into someone's way <500>; to parade, display <452,454>. Sārad to meet, come across <429>; intercept <309,395,545>. taSarrad to interfere <51>; to get hold of <34>; to resist, obstruct, stand in the way of <164,168>; to harm, transgress, aggress against <56,349>. iStarad to resist, stand up against <249>; to be on the look out for <85>.
- Srg Sirģ demin. Srēģ pl. Srūg vein; root; supple lance <606>; a long strip of sand extending into hard ground.
- Srk Sarak to rub <180>.
- Srn Srēniyyih lance <512>.
- Sizz pride, nobility, courage $\langle 482 \rangle$. al-Sizz al-agsas $\langle 484 \rangle$ firmly established noble courage (cf. CA al-Sizzatu al-qassā?). Sizzāh $\langle 659 \rangle$ Sizzi likum $\langle 668 \rangle$ O, what a pity!

\$\sigma_{azab} \leq 422 \rangle\$ to pasture the camels at such a distance from the camp that they must spend at least three or four nights away and do not return to water or to the camp until the fifth day (Musil 1928b: 262). \$\sigma_{azbih}\$ a camel herd pasturing far away from the camp \leq 368 \rangle.

- Szl Sazal to separate, set aside <43>; to divide <440,655>. Sazil division, one's share of the booty. $mS\bar{a}zilih$ division; separation. rimh $al-mS\bar{a}zilih$ see rmh.
- Sasaf to break in, train. mSasafih trained, broken in $\langle 99 \rangle$.
- Ssm Sasām dust clouds <612>.
- $\S a \check s a r$ to be friend $\langle 396 \rangle$. $\S a \check s \bar i r$ friend $\langle 355,572,597 \rangle$. $\S a \check s a r a r$ friend $\langle 355,572,597 \rangle$. $\S a \check s a r a r$ friend $\langle 355,572,597 \rangle$. $\S a \check s a r a r$ friend $\langle 355,572,597 \rangle$. $\S a \check s a r a r$ friend $\langle 355,572,597 \rangle$. $\S a \check s a r a r$ friend $\langle 355,572,597 \rangle$. $\S a \check s a r a r$ friend $\langle 355,572,597 \rangle$. $\S a \check s a r a r$ friend $\langle 355,572,597 \rangle$. $\S a \check s a r a r$ friend $\langle 355,572,597 \rangle$.
- Str masatīr < 620 fair skinned, as in the saying hamarin satar said to describe a person with very fair skin.
- Stš Satšān pl. Satša <140,160> thirsty.
- Signary for the same of the sa
- Sty Sata to give, to present. taSata < 6 to exchange, give one to the other. taSatta < 28 to beg. istSata < 11,144,149 to ask for. Satwa < 345 present. wi-hi tiStIhum $r\bar{u}hah$ < 474 horses came after them. in $Sat\bar{e}tu$ $haz\bar{t}mih$ < 466 should you decide to flee. Satiyt allah < 497 the gift of God, a compliment said of a fine animal.
- $\S dd$ $\S add$ pl. $\S dud$ $\langle 185 \rangle$ upper arm. farhat $\S adadek$ see frh. $mi \S dud$ $\langle 152,185 \rangle$ pl. $ma \S adid$ $\langle 152 \rangle$ a badge of distinction strapped around the upper arm.
- Sff $Sf\bar{a}f < 232 > sing Saf\bar{i}fih$ chaste.
- Sfr Safar < 104 > to fall (in the dust).
- Sfy Saffa $\langle 595 \rangle$ to protect, guard, make safe. Safa $\langle 182 \rangle$ to spare from evil.
- Sgb Sagab to go past, leave behind $\langle 463,472,473 \rangle$; to come

after, follow <128,190,296>. ist Sagab to have children <148>. Sagb inheritance <175>; progeny. $Sg\bar{a}b$ pl. $Sigb\bar{a}n$ <586,608> eagle. Sigib <121,243,280>, Sigib ma <463, 532,561,564,626> after.

Sgd Sagīd a raid leader < 9,13>.

Sign Sagal to tether, hobble; to come to one's senses. Signel wisemen <657>.

Slj Salwaj to bite on, chew $\langle 554 \rangle$.

Sls Salas to be used to $\langle 592 \rangle$.

 $Salaš\bar{a}n$ $Salaš\bar{a}n$ in order to, so that $\langle 107,472,506 \rangle$.

\$\int \text{Salaf fodder, food \langle 229,235 \rangle.}

Slg a Slag to ignite, kindle $\langle 107 \rangle$. ta Sallag to attach oneself to $\langle 12,13,17,397 \rangle$. Salag a piece of dress $\langle 577 \rangle$.

Salanda Salanda high ground, elevation <464>.

Slīt Slīt <642,645,659> word expressing condolence.

Smd Samad to support <354>. Sammad to dispatch <125>.

Snd $San\bar{u}d$ leader of the gazelle herd $\langle 606 \rangle$.

Sing Sanag to encouter, meet with, come upon, run into, come across $\langle 36,264,273,461 \rangle$.

Sngr Sanāģīr sing. Singūr high summits <598>.

Swj $S\bar{a}j$ to bend; to turn around $\langle 587 \rangle$.

Swd Sodih <419> pl. $Sy\bar{a}d$ <641> old horse.

Swr masārih battlefield <208,557>.

Swg Sag to hinder, hold back <635>.

Swl aSwal to wail. Sawīl wailing <365>.

Swn ba-l-Son < 666 This is a kind of oath.

Sayya to refuse; to be obstinate $\langle 363,364 \rangle$. $ta Saya \langle 83 \rangle$ to

vie with one another (as if each one refuses to concede to the other).

Syr Sayyar to go raiding on a mount $\langle 9 \rangle$. Serāt strong camel mounts $\langle 122 \rangle$. maSāyīr raiders on mounts.

Syāl children, sons $\langle 548 \rangle$, youth $\langle 536,548,554 \rangle$. Sāl to lose the way $\langle 443,545 \rangle$; to go wrong; to transgress.

Sym Seman craving for $\langle 610 \rangle$.

Sayyan to see $\langle 184,482,547 \rangle$. min Ω ma $\langle 507 \rangle$ from a flowing spring; i.e. indicating a great reservoir of strength, courage, wisdom, etc. Ω and Ω whichever strikes his fancy. Ω for the sake of Ω minimum syūnah see tyr.

 $\dot{g}\bar{a}d$ $\dot{g}\bar{a}d$ beyond, yonder, there, over there <157,204,472,478>.

ġadi see aġadi.

ġbš al-ġbiših dusk, twilight <286>.

gtr magātīr fair, white <648>.

 $\dot{g}dy$ $\dot{g}ada$ to get lost <109,501,545>; to make off with <95, 124,655>; to become <608>. $\dot{g}ada$ gtas it turned into small pieces. $\dot{g}ada$ b. to kill <644>.

ġdy ġada to raise, nurture <588>.

grr girrih pl. girrāt <625> unawareness, inadvertency.

grbl garābīl adversities, difficulties <651>.

grg garrag to overpower, overwhelm <540>.

grml girmūl pl. garāmīl <629> a knoll in the sand where grass grows in abundance.

 $\dot{g}sb$ $\dot{g}asb$ by force. $\dot{g}as\bar{\imath}b$ meat <229>.

gett gatt to dip in; to touch <491>.

ġill ġall to cause to grief <583>. ġalīl grief <363>. istaġall <658> to be full of rancor.

 $\dot{g}alab$ <664> a wreath of ostrich feathers to ornament the spear shaft below the blade. $\dot{G}alba$ one of the many honorific names referring to Šammar <596>.

ġms ġamas to soak, dip in <107>.

ġndr ġanādīr beautiful maidens <615>.

 $\dot{g}nm$ $\dot{g}\bar{a}nm\bar{\imath}n$ <184,230> sing. $\dot{g}\bar{a}nim$ taker of spoil, successful raider; able man; worthy man. al-lihyit al- $g\bar{a}nmih$ <382>

worthy man. mal Sab $al-\dot{g}\bar{a}nm\bar{\imath}na$ <230> the field of the valiant, the battlefield.

- ġwš ġōš youth. ġwēš small children <554>.
- $\dot{g}yb$ $\dot{g}ayyab$ to hide, conceal <566,568>. $\dot{g}iyy\bar{a}b$ <411> sing. $\dot{g}\bar{a}yib$ absent.
- gyr agār to attack; to launch an attack <297,420,422,424>.
 gārih assault, attack <298>. mgīrih attacking army <298>.
- f?1 $f\bar{a}l$ destiny. Sala $f\bar{a}lihum < 86$ as destiny would lead them.
- ftl fital to plait, twist. $fit\bar{\imath}l < 101,102,119 > \text{matchlock}$, the fuse used to ignite the gunpowder in the barrel of the matchlock. The fuse is made of thin strands of palm fibers twisted around each other, doused in liquid gunpowder and then let to dry.
- ftn fitan to be aroused with anger, to feel the fighting spirit. $f\bar{a}tan$ to fight with, quarrel with $\langle 34 \rangle$.
- fiji fajj to cleave; to rip open $\langle 213 \rangle$. infajj to gape; to open wide $\langle 72 \rangle$. fajj a gape, a road between two mountains $\langle 443 \rangle$.
- fhj fahhaj to spread one's legs <199>.
- fxd fixd a tribal division $\langle 355 \rangle$.
- frḥ firiḥ to rejoice; to be glad. farḥat Ṣaḍādēk <509> at your service. ya-wallah farḥatak <182> I will bring you joy, i.e. I will bring you relief, I will assist you.
- frd $mafr\bar{u}d$ a camel just weaned, just separated from its mother $\langle 431 \rangle$.
- frs firrēs $\langle 152 \rangle$ sing. fāris horseman, rider, warrior, a man of great courage.
- frs fars top of a tree. istafras to knock down <232>.
- frg firg herd of gazelles <366>; flock of birds.
- fry fara to rip open; to cut wide open. farāh haka-l-faryih <305> he fled on the camel mount with such a speed.
- fz? fiza? to ride in answer to a cry for help; to give aid, render assistance $\langle 47,427 \rangle$. fiza? Sala $\langle 92 \rangle$ to pursue, chase. fazza? to rally, incite $\langle 257,425,446,628 \rangle$. fz \bar{u} ? $\langle 264 \rangle$ sing. faz?ih rallying troop, sortie.
- fsr fisar to strip, peel, bare; to turn inside out. tifassar to

become stripped; to come off. $tifassarat \ g\bar{o}muh < 393 > his troop dwindled.$

fsl fisālih <250> dimin. fsayylih <248> discord, disagreement.

fsl fisal b. $\langle 330,532,537 \rangle$ to finish off, kill.

fin fițin to remember, fițin l. to mind, look after. tifațțan to remember <402>; to try to remember. În certain constructions fițin implies sudden realization, e.g. ma fațnaw illa yōm tġaṣōhum <138>, yōm fițn ibin Nōbān ya jāyyuh al-mirsāl <323>, yōm faṭnaw yōm gāmat tḥamal al-gōm Salēhum <461>, faṭnaw hal al-jaww ya hadōla r-riSyān <256>.

 $f\underline{d}\underline{d}$ fad<u>d</u> to flee, make off <295,305>.

fdy fida to penetrate, go through $\langle 71 \rangle$.

 $f\Omega$ $yaf\Omega$ <100> (= $s\bar{a}hib$ $f\Omega$ $i\Omega$, $r\bar{a}\Omega$ $i\Omega$ $i\Omega$) a man of action, a man of deeds (not just words); a capable man.

fkk fakk to untie; to deliver, rescue, save <22,23,95,114,303, 315,324,362>.

fls aflas to fail, lose, return empty handed <93,132>.

flg falag to hit on the head, cause a head injury; to destroy, mangle (a poem) <581>.

fly falla <419> istafla <89> to spread out in pasture. falāt desert <255>.

finjāl finjāl cup, coffee cup. sig al-finjāl $\langle 154 \rangle$ bring the cup hither. $madf\bar{u}gin\ finjāluh \langle 469 \rangle$ his cup is poured out on the ground (instead of being given to him), i.e. he is not man enough to deserve the cup. $m\Omega aggab\ al-finj\bar{a}l$ he who is not given the cup (for he does not deserve it).

fhg fahag to put away, set aside <89>.

fwh fweh mouth <353>. fuwayih slanders, rumors <621>.

fwt $f\bar{a}t$ to go, leave, depart, betake oneself; to pass away; to be past. fuwāt too late <656,657>.

fws $f\bar{\alpha}s$ to vault, pounce <192,579>.

fwg $f\bar{o}g$ on, over, upon <285>; up there <254>. $al-f\bar{o}giyy\bar{\iota}n$ of the upper district <425>.

fyd afād to bring booty $\langle 132 \rangle$. tifawwad to seek booty $\langle 293 \rangle$. fōd booty $\langle 143,163,174,298 \rangle$. ma bah fāydih $\langle 92 \rangle$ it is

useless, futile. $f\bar{e}d < 13$ a genitive marker which fulfills the same syntactic function and denotes the same meaning as hagg, $m\bar{a}l$, $bt\bar{a}S$ etc.

fyf fiy \bar{a} fi desert <225>.

fyd $f\bar{a}d$ to appear, come out <189>; to overflow. fayyad <58, 246,287,362> to go downstream (which in the Šammar district means westward). $f\bar{e}dih$ <57> a fertile wide depression, the point where the wadi becomes wide and shallow. fayyadt w-bayyadt see byd.

gbb gabba horse with arched ribs, big chested horse, fine horse <589.613>.

gbs gibas to explode. gibs explosives; firearms <623>.

agbal to appear, approach, come foreward <118,194,538>. gbāl in front of, ahead of <288>. mgābal the other side <540>. gbiluh <51>, gibalkum <165>, gibalhum <170> right away, immediately. ģiblih <288,380> adj. ģibliyyih <380,382> in the direction of Mecca, which in the territory of Šammar would be West. ģibli Gna <406> west of Gna. al-wjīh al-miģābīl <642> men of exultant countenances, cheerful, friendly (always smiling with their faces turned toward 'miģābīl' and not away 'mṣidd' from their company).

gḥm giḥūm a bold horse (589) (cf. CA iqtaḥama).

gdd gadd to rend, tear <650,651>; to start, initiate <647>.

gdh gidah vessel, bowl <588>.

gdr gidir a pot <175>. gidir laḥam see lḥm

gds gidas to repel, ward off <476>.

gdm giddam in front of $\langle 19,300,596 \rangle$; ahead of $\langle 126,136,445 \rangle$. gdemi dagger $\langle 532 \rangle$.

gdy ģida, ģadda to direct, lead, show the way. yhadōn w-yaģdōn see hdy.

 $g\underline{d}\underline{d}$ inga $\underline{d}\underline{d}$ to come at $\langle 298 \rangle$ (cf. CA inqa $\underline{d}\underline{d}$).

grd magrūd unfortunate, unlucky <26>. garādih misfortune.

grt garat to throw, cast, toss, fling, pelt <177,178,219>.

 $gr\check{s}$ agra \check{s} to rattle; to run so fast as to make a rattling sound $\langle 120 \rangle$. $girg\bar{u}\check{s}$ rattle.

grmš garmaš to strip someone of all his possessions; to win (in

a game) everything an opponent has. $gar\bar{a}m\bar{i}\dot{s}$ small accessory objects. $k\bar{i}\dot{s}ah$ w-girm $\bar{i}\dot{s}ah$ <195> everything.

- grn garan <225>; garran <167,183,238> to yoke together, hitch together.
- gsm yagism allah <68> God ordained. magsūm destined, written.
- gšš gašš to strip, take everything $\langle 94,96,221 \rangle$. gašš baggage $\langle 167 \rangle$. gašših $\langle 268 \rangle$ pl. gšāš straw.
- gšs gišas to peel off; to tear down, pull down <601>.
- gṣd tigaṣṣad to divide, get each his share <161>. giṣd share. guwāsīd <580> sing. gassād poet. giṣīd poetry.
- gsr gassar to be tired; to fall short. ma gassart < 438 > you did your best.
- gṣf giṣaf to be short; to cut short. $giṣ\bar{\imath}f$ pl. $gṣ\bar{a}fi$ short. najSal $Sam\bar{a}rin taylatin gṣ\bar{a}fi$ <241> we cut long lives short.
- gṣy agṣa farthest, remotest <22,402>. giṣa <351> the end of one's rope, limit of one's endurance; straitened circumstances.
- gitab to fill; to complete; to tie up, wrap up, bundle. gaṭṭab to fill <68>; to complete <596>. gaṭbih a bundle, fagot; "a small round board measuring about ten centimeters in diameter and having in the middle a circular opening cut out, through which the top of the (tent) pole passes" (Musil 1928b: 61-2).
- giṭas to cut; to stop, suspend, interrupt <283>; to cross, traverse <55,225>; to violate, breach <333>; to deprive <148>; to hamper, impede, delay. gaṭṭas to pass through <197>. tigaṭṭas to be worn off, worn out, exhausted <393>. ingiṭas to break <202>; to be discontinued; to leave no descendants <213>. mingaṭsatin buh rijil <313> he was helplessly running on foot. dilūlin mingaṭsih decrepit, worn out camel. giṭsat rabis <390> a sizable group.
- gtf gitaf to nip, pluck off, cut <219>.
- gtm gtāmi falcon <607>.
- gty gitāt pl. gtiyāt <487> sand grouse; gtiyy <632> sing. gitāt lumbar region.
- gdb gidab to hold <325>; to catch, capture <67,142,162,309,

315>; to follow, trail, track <258>. tigaddab to try to catch <280>. giddab captive <139>. $alma\ magdab$ <86> the water is held, occupied. gaddb $al-bill\ mas\ hada$ <294> drive the camels in this direction.

- gdy gida to finish <281>; to be ended, terminated <36>; to be exhausted, finished, used up <70,126>. $tig\bar{a}da$ to take revenge, exact vengeance <530>. gida recompense, compensation <611>.
- gsd gasad to sit down, to sit up. An auxiliary indicating durative aspect, e.g. yagsid Hāyis ynaššduh <405>.
- gss agsas having a protruding chest and hollow back. al-sizz al-agsas see sz.
- gstl tigastal to be unable to move; to become paralyzed $\langle 354 \rangle$.
- gfš gun barrel; empty cartridge <107>.
- gfl gaffal to exercise a horse to shed its fat and get it in shape. giffal <457>, mgaffilih <465> in shape.
- gfw agfa to turn back, to depart; to flee <92,109,113,117,450,456, 486,497,604>; to drive, goad <113,459>. gafuw behind, after <176,183,186,522>. $fata \ \acute{g}afi < 236, 587>$; to turn tail; to flee. igfat turning back; fleeing <77,656>.
- gll gall to wane, diminish, become scarce. l-gillat $w\bar{a}l\bar{\iota}hin$ w- $ah\bar{a}l\bar{\iota}hin$ <175> may they and their owners have no one to take care of them.
- glb gilb $\bar{a}n < 254$ sing. gil $\bar{i}b$ water well. galb heart. $t\bar{a}r$ galbuh < 305 his heart flew in fear, he lost courage.
- glt galtih a deep, rocky crevice filled with rain water <70, 169>.
- galat to step foreward; to be first; to go ahead of $\langle 130 \rangle$.

 gallat to send ahead; to send before $\langle 122,127,627 \rangle$. glūt scouts $\langle 136 \rangle$.
- galas to pluck, uproot; to throw a rider from the saddle of his horse to the ground and take it; a horse taken in this fashion is called $gl\bar{a}sih$ pl. $gal\bar{a}yis$ <543>.
- gmz gimaz to jump, leap <307,510,514,589>.
- gmš gimaš to grab, snatch <247,376>.
- gm? gima? to repel, restrain. $tig\bar{a}ma$?aw they came to blows $\langle 182 \rangle$

gmn gimīn most likely <271>.

gns ganas to hunt. gans hunting. mignās hunting trip, hunting ground. migānīs hunted games; prey $\langle 625 \rangle$. mitgānsīn they came to grips with each other $\langle 629 \rangle$.

gns tigannas to wrap his mantle about himself <24>.

gny ganāt heavy fighting club <302>.

ghr gahar to repel, ward off $\langle 302,304 \rangle$; to check. ummitin $q\bar{a}hrih$ see 2mm.

gwd gād to lead $\langle 325 \rangle$. gōd al-minī $\Im \langle 622 \rangle$ killing of a captive. gōd aš-šuwārib $\langle 623 \rangle$ honorable deeds (the whole face and facial hair symbolize a man's countenance and honor). gāydāt al-jimīlih see jml.

gw? $g\bar{a}$ Sih bottom <165,170>.

gwl agūl hearken! listen to me! ygāl lihum <433> they are called, named. Sala ma gāl al-gāyil <3> as the saying goes. tigil <435,494> like, as (from tigūl you might say). Sala gölituh buh ha-l-lōn <192> as he was doing with him like that. yigūl hāć <196> he did like so. gāylin hāć ba-r-rimḥ <190> he was doing like so with the spear.

gām to get up, stand up <668>. When gām is followed by another verb in the imperfect it is used as an auxiliary indicating durative aspect <65,183,280,365,452,461,523,571>. agām to alight <388,407,421> gum w-inzil Sala bin Inayyān <52> he took off and alighted at the tent of ibn Inayyan. gōm enemies, fighting men <163,368>; followers; troop <393>. gōmin Sala waḍḥ an-niga <335> declared enemies (see ngy). lak al-gōmat Salēh <28> you have every right to stand up against him, to punish him. ģīmih <90,286> pl. agyām <244> estimate, number; value. al-ģīmih the right measure, the appropriate ammount. wa-gōm ya-Hiḍlūl see wa.

gwy gawa, śiwi to be able to <93,165>; to dare <495>. giwiyy strong, powerful <314>.

gys gās to measure. gyās fit; measurement. agyās measure <589>. ytigāwisōn ar-rmāh <188> they were each trying to figure out the length of the other's spear.

gyd g $\bar{e}d$ summer $\langle 70,368,386 \rangle$. al-g $\bar{e}d$ al-hamar see hmr.

gyl gayyal to take a midday rest $\langle 78 \rangle$. gāylih midday rest $\langle 451,570 \rangle$.

kbr cibīr az-zōl <149> a man of big stature. kabbar to make big; to honor, dignify, make important <128>. wiš kibrah see wiš. akbar w-ana cibīr al- baxay see bxt.

kbs kibas to run <198,199>.

kid cid (with foll. perf.) indicates the termination of an action, i.e. past perfect, already <472> (cf. CA qad).

ktt katt to empty altogether at once; to come together all at once <287>.

ktf kitaf, kattaf $\langle 167 \rangle$ to tie up, bind, fetter, shackle. $\acute{c}t\bar{a}f$ shackle $\langle 237 \rangle$. $\acute{c}atf$ shoulder.

ktm ćitām clouds <608>.

ktr b-ha-l-kitir with so many <303>. kitir as much as (cf. gadd/2add) wiš kitrihum see wiš

krds kirdūs group of horses <516>.

ksb kisab to take booty <473>. tikassab to seek <311>; to search for booty <274>. kasb booty <274>.

ksr kisar to swing around <296>; to break.

kSb ćaSab knot, node, joint <512>.

kff $cf\bar{a}fi < 238 > sing. caffiyyih head-dress.$

 $k\bar{q}y$ $k\bar{q}a$ to protect, save, spare. allah yić $f\bar{q}na$ w-iyy $\bar{q}kum$ šarr al-gipa al-gipa al-gipa al-gipa al-gipa al-gipa al-gipa al-gipa a-gipa a-gi

kill (with foll. genit $\langle 4,22,23,42,50 \rangle$) a limiting particle meaning all of; (with foll. verb $\langle 523 \rangle$ or prepositional phrase $\langle 3 \rangle$) each, (with foll. ma \$ verb $\langle 491,50 \rangle$) everytime. kill ma hāda ya msānģathum lihum sirbih $\langle 461 \rangle$ every now and then they would meet with a fresh sortie.

kam ćam an interrogative particle. ćam Sazbitin bal-g \bar{e} g yatwi $sim\bar{t}lah$ <368> he had many a Bedouin camp fold their milk skin in summer time.

kima ćima like, as <601>.

kmn aćman to lie in ambush $\langle 440 \rangle$. ćimīn ambush, reserve $\langle 654 \rangle$.

kns kinnas strong camels <626>.

kns? kansa? to flinch, shy away $\langle 550 \rangle$.

knhs kanhas to stoop; to lower one's head (to avoid being seen and appealed to, or called to duty) <83>.

khm kaham to dare; to be able to; to stand <480,502>.

kwh kawwah to throw (dust) <645>.

kwd $\dot{c}ad$ to be hard, difficult. $\dot{c}awwad$ to do something forcefully. $\dot{c}ayid$ hard, difficult. $k\bar{u}d$ difficulty. akwad $\dot{s}ayy$, akwad ma $yis\bar{\imath}r$ <334> the worst thing, the hardest, most difficult. $k\bar{u}d$ except, save, unless <74,98,178,460>; must, have to <82,133,346,478>. In some of its usages $k\bar{u}d$ is almost synonymous with the particle $\dot{\imath}asa$ in that it expresses hope and concern, e.g. $k\bar{u}duh$ yiji I hope he comes.

kwkb $k\bar{o}kab \ al-b\bar{\iota}r$ the pool of water at the bottom of the well $\langle 601 \rangle$.

kwn $ak\bar{a}n$ to attack, assault <12,41,49>. $k\bar{o}n$ battle, fight <12>.

kwy ćawa to kindle, to ignite <102,107>; to brand with fire.

kyš kīšah w-girmīšah see grmš.

kyf $k\bar{e}fak$, $b-k\bar{e}fak$, Sala $k\bar{e}fak$ as you wish, as you please, at your discretion $\langle 36,142,150 \rangle$.

lāṢan lāṢan, laṢan <467> similar in function and meaning to CA intensifying particle *l* meaning surely, for certain.

libad, albad to stay quiet. labbidaw they lied in wait, they lied down quietly <138,158>.

libas to wear. albās the saddle and its trappings <596>.

ljj lajj to clamor; to bellow <665>. lijj chasm, depth <137>.

ljd lijad to charge. wla yaljid sala ṣ-ṣidīģ haka-l-lajdih (299) may he not charge such a charge at a dear friend of ours (to describe how terrible the charge was).

lajil lajil so that, in order to <107,499>; because <571>.

lhh lahh to be close, next to, rub against. ya-lihh rgibti <357> shield of my neck, my close kinsmen.

lhg lihig to catch up; to follow, come along <101,119,425,

466,482,510>; to come in contact with, meet with $\langle 5,566 \rangle$. alhag to rescue, pick up $\langle 314 \rangle$. istalhag to fetch, snatch $\langle 586 \rangle$; to call for; to request. axallīk tarkiḍ b-iṭarah lama talḥag Sala Simrak $\langle 35 \rangle$ I shall cause you to run after the xāwih till you waste the rest of your years. liḥiģ Salēh al-marad illness ended his life, wasted him.

lhm laḥam flesh, meat. rcabikum hada gidir laḥam <175> see rkb. lhamat Hidlūl <519> the flesh of Hidlūl, his relatives.

lḥy liḥyih beard (symbol of manhood). al-liḥyit al-ġānmih see ġnm.

lzz lazz to come close to, next to $\langle 316 \rangle$. lazz next to $\langle 179 \rangle$.

lzm $l\bar{a}zim$ must $\langle 593,596 \rangle$. $malz\bar{u}m$ liable, under obligation $\langle 552,580 \rangle$.

ltm talattam <536> to draw his head-dress to cover his nose, mouth and the lower part of his face (so as not to be recognized or as not to draw in hot air and dust through the mouth).

laġadi see aġadi

 $l\dot{g}f$ li $\dot{g}f$ the level firm ground adjoining the sand desert <62, 157,257,258,259,287>.

 $l\dot{g}m$ $l\dot{g}\bar{a}m$ meat <610>.

lgh algah to take (a female camel) to the bull <284>. lgihih pregnant <419,483>.

lgs laggas to wag its tail (dog) in anticipation; to wait expectantly <573>.

lgt ligat to take, pick up <443>.

lgy lāga to meat, come upon <533>. gōmin ma lh lga <174> host armies that cannot be faced.

lkd likad to gallop; to urge (rider) the horse with his heels <488>.

lkš likaš to poke, pinch <492>.

lwb lābih kith and kin <668>.

lwj $l\bar{a}j$ to move, stir <268>; to be loose.

lwd $l\bar{a}d$ to seek refuge <223>. lawwad to hide <135>; to sneak up <189>.

lwt $l\bar{a}t$ to clean a dish with one's index finger $\langle 579 \rangle$; to slit the throat $\langle 338 \rangle$ (these two actions are designated by one word which expresses the one feature common to both, namely that they are both done in a curving motion).

lwn $l\bar{o}n$ way, manner <114,181>. $ha-l-l\bar{o}n$ like so, in this fashion <192,203>. $wi\check{s}$ $l\bar{o}n$ see $wi\check{s}$.

lwy lawa to bend, twist, turn <586>.

lyš layyaš to exhaust, fatigue <466>.

lyf $l\bar{i}f$ palm fibers <373>.

 $l\bar{e}n$ $l\bar{e}n$ if $\langle 445 \rangle$; till (cf. CA la2in and 2ila 2an).

ma a negative particle. ma luh San <125,133> he must, he ma has no way but (cf. wla lihum wallah illa . . . <132> they have no other way to go but . . .). ma min (with foll. genit.) <74,59,291,436,463> a compound particle indicating negation in a manner similar to CA laysa hunālika or lam vakun hunāka but in the Šammari dialect this type of negative construction does not always imply negation but diminution, scarcity or scantiness. ma (with personal pronoun) <8,50,153,156,201> is equivalent to CA negative this type of negative particle lavsa; in construction b is sometimes suffixed to the personal pronoun <244,245,169>, this is the old particle used in CA to introduce the predicate of laysa.

mts mitas strength, energy, endurance <160>.

mtn matnih hard ground <408>. matin pl. mtūn upper back.

mhs $mh\bar{u}s < 664$ sing. mihs strong ropes.

mhl mahal barrenness, drought <246>. $mah\bar{a}h\bar{i}l$ <639> sing. $mah\bar{a}lih$ water wheel.

mdd madd to set out, leave, depart <412,421>.

mdy amda to be in time to, to have the time to $\langle 102 \rangle$.

 $mr\hbar$ amra \hbar to spend the night; to go to sleep at night <446>. $mr\bar{a}\hbar$ the place near the tent where the camels rest at night <431>.

mrr to pass by; to go past. imtarr <465> to continue, go on, pick up speed (cf. CA istamarra). marrih once, one time <245>.

- mrs mrisih rope <167,202,203>.
- mzh mazh jesting, playfulness <115>.
- mz? miza? to pull out, tear, pluck, fleece. mmāza? ha-l-wbirih <335> the fleecing of this bundle of wool, i.e. plundering of camels.
- mss mass to pull; to shoot, hit $\langle 192 \rangle$.
- msk misak to hold; to lie in wait <128,134>.
- mswr maswar to become tired (horses) and separated from one another $\langle 456 \rangle$.
- $m\check{s}\check{a}$ \check{s} $\langle 74,75,84 \rangle$ pl. $imi\check{s}\check{s}a$ $\langle 75 \rangle$ a shallow well in a clay basin into which rain water slowly percolates through the soil.
- mšy miša to walk; to go; to leave. ana maššāy <389> I am leaving. yamši li al-ḥagg <44> go with me to sue for justice. w-yamši sala az-zimāmīl wi-ydabbiḥhum <561> he killed the cameleers one after the other. tamši ḥālihum see hwl.
- mst misat to fall down; misat b. to knock down; to hit $\langle 199 \rangle$.
- ms? misa? to pull out; to pull away; to extricate $\langle 491,497 \rangle$.
- $m\Omega t$ masat to pull out, pluck out; to tear out; to drive hard $\langle 307 \rangle$.
- mSy maSa $\langle 457,459 \rangle$. to lure into following (cf. maS with).
- mgt migt < 107,110,193 > the fuse used to ignite the powder in the barrel of the matchlock; thin but strong rope.
- mkn améan to be in time; to have the time <90,195,427> (cf. mdy).
- mlţ milţān<183> sing. amlaţ naked, bare.
- min min from. minna from over here, minnāk from over there (cf. CA min hunā and min hunāk).
- mns manas < 308 to grant mans. minis < 310 pl. mnasa < 563 he who is granted mans. mans < 310,311,477 a pledge by the pursuer to spare the life of the pursued and protect him from others; the pursued in turn surrenders his mount and weapons to the pursuer.
- mhr $mh\bar{a}r$ $\langle 396 \rangle$ sing. mihrih $\langle 399,400,419,498 \rangle$ filly, young horse.

mhy mahāt wild cow <119>.

mwt $m\bar{o}t$ death. $amw\bar{a}t$ <571> sing. mayyit the dead. $jar\Omega t$ $al-m\bar{o}t$ <351> agony of death, bitter taste of death. $t\bar{e}r$ $m\bar{o}t$ <478> a bird of death (indicating reckless courage). Ωt Ωt

mwh $m\bar{a}h$ to totter <196>; to dangle; to swing <595>. al- $my\bar{a}hih$ see arr^2 .

mwh ma pl. amwāh <141> water, water source, water well.

myr mer provisions, food, dates <373>.

myl $m\bar{a}l$ to bend, incline. mayyal to take sides, side with, be partial, biased $\langle 1 \rangle$.

nbt nibat <435> to dash, dart, bolt, leap (to run so fast and leap so high and with such vigor and energy that when the front of the foot, especially the big toe, lands on the ground it causes sand to rise up.)

nbh nabbah to tell, notify, remind, alert <390>.

ntl nital to jerk, yank <518>.

ntl $nit\bar{l}$ the dirt heap coming out of a dug well. Bēḍa Nitīl $\langle 436 \rangle$ a basin with water wells so called because the dirt dug out from them is white.

njb tanajjab to invoke, appeal to, call on. $najj\bar{a}b$ dispatched messenger, courier <627>.

njz najjaz to carry out instantly <191>.

njš nijaš to poke; to goad. najjaš to chase, drive hard <175>.

njm ma lihum nijam <141> they have no alternative, no way out of. $mar\bar{a}b\bar{\imath}$? $an-nj\bar{u}m$ see rb?.

nhr nahar to head for, go straight to <24,85,169,298,407>.

manhir throat, the lower part of the throat from where an animal is killed <180>; the place of slaughter <67>.

nhs $nh\bar{u}s$ calamities, disasters. $y\bar{a}ta$ $n-nh\bar{u}s$ <9> to walk on the brink of danger.

 $nh\ddot{s}$ in $h\ddot{a}\ddot{s}$ to flee, run away <136,198,290,538>. ($h\ddot{a}\ddot{s}$ to round up, drive into a trap (game); to collect, amass.)

nhy naḥa to push in a certain direction <463>.

ndb and ab to delegate; to send after some one <134>.

ndy nadda to graze near water <89>.

nzh nizah to be distant, far off <51>; to dash along, run away <492>. mitnazzih to be far away and alone <558>.

- nzl manzl $a\underline{t}-\underline{t}\overline{e}r$ <600> the habitat of falcons, aerie; high summit
- nzy niza to be flung, thrown down <120,513,623>. nwēzyāt <267> sing. nāzyih, nwēzyih low sand flat <267>.
- nsf nisaf to throw, toss $\langle 518 \rangle$; to push aside, force away from $\langle 205 \rangle$.
- nšad to ask, inquire. naššad to interrogate <405,547>.
- nšm našmi pl. nišāma gallant, valliant. maṣṭūr an-nišāma see ṣṭr. nsl nisīlih <370> pl. nisāyil grave stone.
- nsy nisa < 24,36 > tanassa < 569 > to head for, go straight to.
- nth nitah to meet, encounter, chance upon $\langle 404 \rangle$; to charge at $\langle 470 \rangle$; to face, confront. nattah to meet someone with something, rush something to someone $\langle 105,126 \rangle$. natah to meet, run across $\langle 544 \rangle$.
- nty anta to give <155,191,223,371>.
- ndy nida <117,118> inda sing. niduw lean, gaunt camel.
- $n\Omega r$ $man \bar{a} \Omega r$ (no sing. form) proud men. $st \bar{a}m$ $al-man \bar{a} \Omega r$ see $st \bar{m}$.
- nġt naġat to peck <659>.
- nfs hāģīnin b-anfishum see hgw.
- nfl nifal to exceed; to outdo; to excel. naffal to show preference; to bestow extra praise or reward on $\langle 239 \rangle$. $tan\bar{a}f\bar{\imath}l$ supererogatory performance, deeds beyond the call of duty, deeds deserving of praise $\langle 641 \rangle$.
- $ng\underline{d}$ $niga\underline{d}$ $\langle 334 \rangle$ savior from perishing (of thirst or hunger).
- ngl nigal to carry, move. tanaggal to move, change place <270>; to be held accountable for <519>
- ngy niga honesty, good faith, fair dealing, straightforwardness. waḍḥ an-niga fair means, fair play, in the open. Sala waḍḥ an-niga <4,335> through fair means, by honorable means. When there is declared enmity between two tribes, then

whatever act of aggression is committed by any of them against the other is considered fair and honorable *Sala* wadh an-niga, i.e. not sneaky, not treacherous.

nks nikas to turn back <313,401>. ankas to return <36,399, 400>. naks backwards; reverse; again <177>.

nkf ankaf to come back, return from a raid <42,242,255, 543> (cf. CA inkafa?a).

nmr nimir tiger, leopard. tanammar to dare, brave, venture <390>.

nms tanōmas to feel glorious <221>, nūmās, nāmūs <396,508> glorious deeds that bring honor and high repute.

nmš nmiših sharp sword <360>.

nhb nahab to snatch, plunder $\langle 348 \rangle$. yōm ad-dinya nāhb w-manhūb see dny.

nhj nahaj to go, leave <40,79,247,415,445>.

nhḍ nahaḍ to raise, lift <185>; to stampede <458>. nahhaḍ to lift <599>; to urge to rise; to incite <47> mintahḍih raised up <168>. yanhaḍ allah yiduh Sanhum <527> God lifted his protective hand from them.

nwb $n\bar{o}bih$ one time, once <106,287>.

nwx nawwax to make a camel kneel down <138>. lya nawwaxat ma tārat see twr.

nvr $n\bar{a}r$ to escape, flee, run fast $\langle 102 \rangle$.

 $h\bar{a}k$ $h\bar{a}k$ (m.), $h\bar{a}c$ (f.) <219> Here! Take it! There you are! $h\bar{a}c$ like so, in this fashion <72,167,171,190,193,197,199,218,219, 494>.

hbb habb to blow. habb luh sasad see ssd.

hbl mhabūl crazy, mad <302>.

 $ht\check{s}$ hata \check{s} to arrive late at night <436>.

hjs $h\bar{o}jas$ to think, hajs, $h\bar{u}j\bar{a}s$, $h\bar{a}j\bar{u}s$, $h\bar{a}jis$ idea, notion, thought. hajsi I reckon, I assume $\langle 421 \rangle$.

hdb hadab sing. hdibih lashes, tassels, fringes. hidbih a small group of people <434>.

hdm hd $\bar{u}m$ clothes <183>.

hdw haduw gift, present <405>.

hāda hāda, da this (m.) hādāk, dāk, hādāta that (m.) hādōla, dōla these (m. dual and pl.) hādōlāk, dōlāk those (m. dual and

pl.) $h\bar{a}d\bar{i}$, $d\bar{i}$ this (f.) $h\bar{a}d\bar{i}$ ć, $d\bar{i}$ ć, $h\bar{a}d\bar{a}ti$ that (f.) $h\bar{a}d\bar{o}li$, $d\bar{o}li$, $h\bar{a}d\bar{o}li$, $d\bar{o}li$,

hadībuh hadībuh just now, not long ago <274>.

hrjf $har\bar{a}j\bar{\imath}f$ <375> sing. $hirj\bar{a}f$ camel with long legs, hence a swift runner.

hrš haraš to bite; to bare one's teeth <594>.

hrf ahraf to flee, run fast. $hr\bar{a}f$ fear, confusion $\langle 239 \rangle$.

hzz hazz to shake. ihtazz to become shaky, nervous, jittery $\langle 305 \rangle$.

hz? haza? to turn to one side, to swerve $\langle 298 \rangle$.

hzm ahzam to rescue, deliver <321>.

htfl hatfal to droop heavily (tree branches); to crowd around a dish with plenty of food on it <80>.

hff haff to pierce through, run through $\langle 512 \rangle$; to go and not return.

hfy hafa to perish $\langle 340 \rangle$; to get weary, overexhausted $\langle 386, 387,460 \rangle$; to fall down $\langle 592 \rangle$; to fall behind $\langle 460 \rangle$. $tir\bar{t}\acute{g}$ almahāfi $\langle 224 \rangle$ path of danger.

hgw haga to reckon, presume, imagine. hagwih assumption, guess, surmise. $h\bar{a}g\bar{t}nin$ b-anfishum <396> they were self-confident.

hlk halak to perish. $mithall\acute{c}\bar{\imath}n$ <84> they were almost dying of thirst.

hlhl halhal to rejoice, shout with joy. halāhīl rejoicing, jubilation $\langle 638 \rangle$.

hml hamal to drip, to pour. hamīl shedding of tears $\langle 364 \rangle$. hamālīl $\langle 120,632 \rangle$ sing. himlūl rain shower. hāmil unattended $\langle 345,564 \rangle$. ma yūkal luh la hāml wla mar \mathfrak{I} i see $r\mathfrak{I}$ y.

hmm hāmmih a frightening giant <149>.

hnf $han\bar{u}f$ pl. hunf < 649 > shapely, with a long neck.

hwš $h\bar{a}$ š to fight, tussle <108,165,174,191,302,305, 633> to scold.

hwy hawa to go down, come down <137>.

hvb $h\bar{a}b$ to fear, dread $\langle 550 \rangle$.

hyl hāl to strike with awe $\langle 376 \rangle$.

This prefix has various functions and meanings depending on the nature of the noun to which it is prefixed; e.g. $wa-g\bar{o}m\ ya-Hi\underline{d}l\bar{u}l <66>$ may Hi $\underline{d}l\bar{u}l$ fall into enemies' hands. $wa-hiluw\ nazwatha\ <120>$ (also ya-hiluw) how wonderful was her falling down. $wa-\Im z\bar{z}\bar{a}h$ (also $ya-\Im z\bar{z}\bar{a}h$) Alas! Oh, dear me. $wa-w\bar{e}l\bar{a}h$ (also $ya-w\bar{e}l\bar{a}h$), $wa-w\bar{e}li\ w\bar{e}l\bar{a}h$ (also $ya-w\bar{e}li\ w\bar{e}l\bar{a}h$) Woe to me! $wa-kibruh\ kibr\bar{a}h$ (also $ya-kibruh\ kibr\bar{a}h$) How big it is! (cf. $h\bar{a}da$ and $wi\bar{s}$).

wbr wibar camels' wool <335>. mmāzas ha-l-wbirih see mzs.

wtn witin aorta, heart <661>.

wjb wijab reward $\langle 151,230 \rangle$. ma $t\bar{u}jib$ $h\bar{a}\underline{d}i$ $\langle 335 \rangle$ the offense does not call for such an unjust punishment.

wjd tawajjad to lament $\langle 362 \rangle$. wājid plentiful $\langle 30,129,275 \rangle$. wijdih existence, presence $\langle 79 \rangle$.

with wajjah to direct, orient. awjah to turn to face, to run in the direction of <588>. wajh face <314,642>; honor, countenance, patronage, protection <15,30>; direction. yōm wajhahum ġarb <77> when they were heading West. Sala wajhah <307> she went straight ahead. b-wajhakum <441> go straight ahead. in ṣār luh al-wajh Salēna <508> should he turn around and overtake us.

wdd widd usually inflected with a pronominal suffix: widdi I want, widding we want <581>, etc.

wds tawaddas to trample <594> (perhaps inverted dws q.v.).

wds awdas to let; to make into; to cause to. yūdis sala dōd al-msādi jarāyir <285> he launches devastating assaults against the enemy's herds. ūdsūhin sašāyir <284> let them (female camels) be pregnant. mūdsah giṭsatēn <435> he cut it into two pieces (there is also the alternative root dsy which is an exact equivalent to wds.

wrt wirit to inherit. warrat to bequeath <6>. mārtih heirs, offspring <148,213>.

wrd wirid to come to water <56,413>; to rush at, come at

 $\langle 192,655 \rangle$. warrad to bring to water; to bring to $\langle 107 \rangle$. wird coming to water; rushing, charging $\langle 605 \rangle$. $m\bar{r}r\bar{a}d$ time of watering $\langle 169 \rangle$, $m\bar{a}rad$ place of watering. mwarrdih bringers of water $\langle 126,127,137,165,166 \rangle$.

- wry warra to show $\langle 271 \rangle$; to feign $\langle 460 \rangle$. wara behind. $l\bar{a}h\dot{g}\bar{i}nin$ $n\bar{a}sin$ war $\bar{a}hum$ $\langle 5 \rangle$ they came in contact with men before them, xalg allah ma ana war $\bar{a}h$ $\langle 331 \rangle$ I am not accountable for what other people do.
- wsr wisar to tie, fix. ya wāsruh $la-l-g\bar{a}S < 529$ he impaled him to the ground.
- wsm wisam to mark; to brand. wasm fire brand showing the ownership of an animal. wisīmt aš-Šarārāt <18> camels carrying the tribal brand of aš-Šarārāt.
- wsy wāsa to level; to balance. tawāsa to be straightened, balanced <499>. wisa equality, justice, balance <650>.
- wiš what? wiš $h\bar{a}da$ what is this? wiš ant who are you? wiš $l\bar{o}n$ how? <101>. wiš $idr\bar{\imath}k$ how do you know? <201> wiš kiṭrihum how many are they? <143>. wiš $\bar{\imath}ad$ so what? <50>. wiš kibrah it is so big! <189>.
- wš? wiša? to climb, ascend <175,176>.
- wšm wišam to tatoo; to bring next to, very close to $\langle 512 \rangle$.
- with with to step, tread. yāṭa an-nḥūs see nḥs.
- w dh w dha <343,344,350> pl. w dh <287> white camel. w dh oryx <79>. w dh an-niga see ngy.
- $w \underline{d} y$ $m \overline{u} \underline{d} i$ luminous, white, fair. $m \overline{u} \underline{d} i$ $j i b \overline{\iota} n i h$ see j b n.
- wsd $w\bar{a}sad$ to make an appointment, to arrange for a rendez-vous. tawassad to threaten $\langle 372 \rangle$.
- wir wasar rough ground, rugged ground <179>.
- wsy wasa to remember; to be old enough to remember. ma wasa $\bar{n}auh$ <101> we did not remember it, we did not remember. ya-allah $\bar{a}s\bar{n}h$ I was barely old enough to remember it.
- wfg wāfag it so happened <58>; to chance upon.
- wfy $\bar{o}fa$ to pay in full (debt). $\bar{o}fa$ $ad-dy\bar{u}n$ see dyn.
- wg? wiga? to fall $\langle 662 \rangle$; to fall upon by chance; to come across $\langle 546 \rangle$.

wgf wigaf to stop. $y\bar{a}gaf$ al- $ha\acute{c}iy$ d $\bar{u}nuh$ see hky. al- $m\bar{a}gaf$ al- $ha\acute{c}im$ (556) the Day of Judgment.

wkd wikad it became certain. wakkad to assure, confirm. tawakkad to become sure, certain <638>. wkād for sure, for certain <162,268,381,454>. wićīd al-Salāmi <614> the certain news, the real story.

wkl tawakkal Sala allah <45> trust in God, let's go.

wāla to come next to; to come in the way of. awwal ibāsrin twālīhum <85> the first camels that come their way tawalla to come after, chase <506>. walla to go away, turn away <443>. wall away with you! <381>. killin yanxa alli min twālīh <523> each calling out for the rider next to him. mwāli close, near <249,385>. l-ģillat wālīhin w-ahālīhin see gll.

wnt wannat to repeat again and again <356>.

wny winiyyāt <659> exhausted horses lagging behind the main party; hence the most susceptible to attack by a pursuing enemy.

ya see wa.

yama yama, yāma how much! how often! how many! how many a time! <226.228.234.357.484.661.668>.

yad, $\bar{\imath}d$ hand. $t\bar{a}h$ bēn $\bar{\imath}d\bar{e}ni$ <67> should he fall into my hands. $jida \Omega m$ allah $b-\bar{\imath}d$ $Db\bar{e}b$ <565> through the will of God they fell into the hand of $Db\bar{e}b$. $ar-rj\bar{a}l$ kill yōmin $b-\bar{\imath}dayy$ $ar-rj\bar{a}l$ <216> men always fall into the hands of other men. $mitil\Omega m$ yiduh $ma\Omega$ $j\bar{e}buh$ <185> he brought his hand out from the breast opening (not the sleeve) of his garment. $\bar{\imath}dah$ b-rijlah <95> hand and foot together (to indicate speed; the moment the camel has lifted its foreleg from the ground its hind leg lands in the same spot. This fast motion gives the illusion that the foreleg and the hind leg are tied together.

yzy $y\bar{\imath}zi$ it is enough, sufficient $\langle 277 \rangle$.

yamm yamm at <257>; to, towards, in the direction of <64,217, 362,446,553,557,579>.

ymn yimīn vow, oath; to the right <464>; right hand; hand. hird al-yimāni see hrd.